E DAILY NEWS to 60 per cent. S DELIVERED of the residences forty miles of road in Middletown and Portsmouth, and a like proportion of the dents of Jamestown are its regular bers.

Newport Daily News.

Furnished Cottage
to rent for the winter for $200; the best locality in Newport for winter occupancy; all modern improvements.
DANIEL WATSON,
236 Thames Street.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1896. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OU
VE
OMFORT!

his you get if we ake your Trousers, mfort and style are in ery pair.
he very people who ve the least money to end are the ones ost interested in our ecial Trouser Sale.

WILLIAM C. LANGLEY & SON,
erchant Tailors and Haberdashers,
171 THAMES STREET.

HE BANK OF NEW YORK,
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION,
48 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
al $2,000,000. Established 1784. Surplus, $2,000,000
aveler's Letters of Credit,
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A FINE LOT OF
LD ENGLISH
AND DUTCH SILVER,
dd Bits of Old China, Delft, Cut Glass and Bronzes.
ood Old Colonial, French, Dutch and English Furniture.
all and Mantel Clocks.
—AT—
arlingham's Art Rooms,
83 MILL STREET.
pen from 9 till 5.

GORMAN'S FINANCIAL SCHEME.

ombines Plans of Secretary Carlisle and President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Secretary Carlisle d Senator Gorman were in close conference r an hour or so yesterday at the treasury on nancial matters. During the past week the o have been in almost daily communication. mors are afloat that Senator Gorman recommends a plan which Secretary Carlisle, it is derstood, once favored, of authorizing the inage of all the silver bullion and declaring l coining the seigniorage, and that in the m in which this matter is being considered the administration it is coupled with the roposition advocated by President Cleveland, retiring the greenbacks and allowing national banks to issue notes up to the par value the bonds held by them. Some color of bability is given to these rumors by the that Senator Gorman, chairman of the mocratic steering committee of the Senate, s been sounding Senators within the last w days on the probability of such a scheme ssing the Senate.

PREPARING FOR TROUBLE.

urkey Providing Funds and Arming Large Bodies of Troops.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Telegraphing from Constantinople, under date of January 27, the nited Press correspondent says: An irade s been issued by the sultan, which appropriates for urgent state requirements the sum f 930,000, belonging to the official pensions und, lying in the Ottoman Bank. Another rade has been issued directing the istribution to the troops of a large quantity f Mauser rifles, which have been stored in the rmories for years. The appropriation of the ension fund and the distribution of rifles are elieved to have been regarded as necessary n view of the Macedonian government's demanding concessions from Turkey.

Engine and Tender Fall Between a Ferry-boat and a Wharf.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Early this morning, at the North Pacific Coast Railway Company's wharf in Sausalito, while an engine and tender were being put on board the ferry, the apron connecting the ferry-boat and the slip gave way, and the engine and tender plunged downward between the end of the ferry-boat and the wharf. Fireman Williams leaped from the tender and was badly injured. Engineer Turner went down with his engine, and was killed.

WALL PAPER. CARPETS.
IT'S TOO BAD,
But it can't be helped. Odds and ends will accumulate and must be sold.
STILL, IT'S A GOOD THING
for you—you're almost sure to find what you want at about half price.
A. C. Titus & Co.
225 to 229 THAMES STREET.
CROCKERY. GLASSWARE.

CARPENTER ORGANS.
The best parlor reed organ made.
WE HAVE THEM.
We are headquarters for piano stools and we have sold a lot since we first advertised them. Several of our customers came back for another.
ALBERT P. CRANDALL,
Successor to
Crandall & Pray,
Canonicus Building,
Thames Street and Market Square.

SAID TO HAVE BEEN BOUND FOR CUBA.

Wreck of Steamer J. W. Hawkins, Bearing Alleged Insurgents.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—Last Sunday steamer J. W. Hawkins, commanded by Captain Woodrow, sailed from New York with a party of between seventy-five and one hundred men, bound, it is claimed, for Cuba, where the party, it is alleged, was to enter the ranks of the insurgent army. When the steamer was off the eastern end of Long Island, she sprung a serious leak, and the water gained so rapidly on her that all hands were obliged to take to the boats. Monday morning the men were picked up by passing schooners, among which was three-masted schooner Helen H. Benedict, Captain Brockett, bound from Norfolk, for Boston, with a cargo of coal. The Benedict picked up twenty five of the men and landed them at Vineyard Haven late last night, from which place they were transferred this morning by steamer Susie D. and landed at Woods Holl, where they boarded an early train for New York. They were very reticent about giving particulars of the disaster, and little could be learned from them. It is supposed that all hands were saved.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Jan. 28.—Schooner Alice B. Crosby, Newport News for Boston, arrived here today, with thirteen persons rescued from steamer J. W. Hawkins. The Crosby fell in with a boat from the steamer about sixty-five miles southeast by east of Sandy Hook lightship, which contained twenty-three persons, but owing to the rough sea only thirteen were saved, the other ten being drowned. The Crosby landed the thirteen survivors at Woods Hole this morning, where they will take a train for New York this afternoon. Another vessel, a three-masted schooner, picked up seventy-five of the wrecked people, and it is supposed put back with them to Delaware Breakwater.

The J. W. Hawkins was 188 tons register, built at Kennebunk, Maine, in 1880, and her home port is, or was formerly, Onancock, Va.

The Hawkins was making some water when she left port, and when she encountered the rough weather outside, with a heavy sea, she filled in about twenty minutes. Those on board had barely time to get into the steamer's boats.

It was reported by those rescued that the steamer's true destination was Cuba, and that her cargo consisted of $25,000 worth of ammunition, one gun on board having cost $5,000. They were, without doubt, bound on a filibustering expedition to Cuba.

FOR PERMANENT ARBITRATION.

Memorial for a Tribunal to Settle Anglo-American Disputes.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Westminster Gazette publishes the text of a memorial which is to be issued for signatures in the United Kingdom and the United States of America. The memorial concludes: "Without expressing any opinion upon the pending controversy, we earnestly press to a prompt conclusion a treaty whereby all disputes between Great Britain and the United States shall be referred to a permanent tribunal representing both nations."

The committee issuing the memorial includes Rt. Rev. B. F. Westcott, Bishop of Durham; Very Rev. F. W. Farrar, Dean of Canterbury; Rev. Basil Wilberforce, Canon of Westminster; Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, Frederick Clifford, Rev. H. M. Adler, chief rabbi, and William T. Stead, editor of the Review of Reviews. The committee comprises nobody of prominence in politics, trade or society.

M'GOUGH'S CONFESSION.

To be Used to Further Shea's Application for a New Trial.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The affidavit and confession of McGough, who has admitted that he murdered Robert Ross in Troy, has been made public, and will figure prominently today in the application of Bartholomew Shea for a new trial before Justice Mayham at Schoharie. District Attorney Burlingame, who was appointed by Governor Morton, took McGough's statement in the case, and made a long report to the governor. This report is to be used by the attorneys for the prisoner at Schoharie.

Westerly Woolen Mills Again in Operation.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—The machinery in the Westerly Woolen Company's mills was started Monday morning, for the first time in nearly a month. The employes were glad to have the opportunity of again securing work, after the enforced idleness. These mills are owned by Congressman Warren O. Arnold and his brother, Louis W. Arnold.

Position of the St. Paul Unaltered.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Jan. 28.—The position of the St. Paul was unaltered at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Nothing can be done towards moving the boat until the wind changes to the east.

Second Edition.

BY TELEGRAPH
TO THE UNITED PRESS.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

BODY LYING IN STATE.

Official and Diplomatic Honors for the Late Ambassador Runyon.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—The body of Hon. Theodore Runyon, late United States ambassador to Germany, is lying in state in a room in the Runyon residence. Emperor William this morning sent Colonel Von Moltke, one of his aides, to Mr. Runyon's late residence, as the bearer of a message of sympathy and condolence to Mrs. Runyon and her family, and the foreign office sent a letter expressing sorrow at Mr. Runyon's death and praising his capacity as a diplomat. His tenure of office, the letter said, had greatly assisted the present excellent relations between the United States and Germany. M. Herbette, French ambassador to Germany, has issued invitations to the members of the diplomatic corps to attend the funeral services over the body of Ambassador Runyon, to be held in St. George's church January 30, at noon.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Prospect of an Early Adjournment Until After the Election.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—The sessions of the General Assembly, previous to the April election, appear to be rapidly drawing to an end. There is practically no business, save the appropriation bills, to come before the legislature, and it is understood that an amendment is on foot to adjourn Friday, if the appropriation bill can be passed by that time, until after the election. The bill will probably be reported tomorrow, and if there is no long discussion, it is thought that it can be acted upon in time for adjournment Friday. The report of the committee to consider the financial part of the governor's message is expected to be ready for presentation tomorrow, and, as already indicated, will not be favorable to a bond issue or the submission of the question to the people.

In the senate Mr. Drown introduced a resolution regarding the Great Salt Pond at Block Island, asking the legislature and the Senators and Representatives in Congress from Rhode Island to use their efforts with the government towards its completion. Passed.

Mr. Roelker introduced an act in addition to the law regarding fire insurance companies, requiring a guaranteed surplus and special reserve funds. Referred to the judiciary committee.

From the house was received the act providing for the condemnation of land for school purposes in Newport. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Woods introduced an act fixing a penalty of a fine and imprisonment for making or having in possession burglar's tools. Referred to the judiciary committee.

In the house Mr. Buffum, from the committee on education, reported back acts incorporating the Seaside Athletic Club and the Society of Gael Zeleick of Newport, and both were passed.

The act changing the boundary line of the city of Central Falls was passed in concurrence.

The resolution regarding the Great Salt Pond at Block Island was passed in concurrence.

Mr. Rounds presented the petition from Amasa M. Eaton and others, for a revision of the state constitution. He also introduced a resolution in amendment of the constitution, providing that at stated intervals the people of the state at elections may vote on the question: "Shall there be a convention holden to revise the state constitution?" The petition and resolution were referred to the committee on special legislation.

The first special order, the motion for the indefinite postponement of the act regarding taxable property, was tabled temporarily, the bill not having been printed. The second special order, the new jury law, was taken up. The provision giving the attorney general power to fix the number of grand jurors up to twenty-three met with considerable opposition. Mr. Sheffield of Newport spoken against it, on the ground that it would give the attorney general too much power. After considerable discussion, Mr. Littlefield of Providence moved to strike out the objectionable clause. This was lost. Mr. Sheffield moved that the act take effect February 1, 1896. This was withdrawn, and the bill was passed.

Upon the rising of the house the judiciary committee gave a hearing on the bill regarding medicines and poisons.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Jan. 27, Achen, from Bremen.
Boston, Jan. 27, Moorish Prince, from Palermo.
Bremen, Jan. 27, Washington, from New York.
Liverpool, Jan. 27, Columbian, from New York.
Bristol, Jan. 27, Jersey City, from New York.
Havre, Jan. 27, La Champagne, from New York.
New York, Jan. 28, Cevic, from Liverpool.
Boston, Jan. 28, Virginian, from London.
Boston, Jan. 28, Cambroman, from Liverpool.

Italian Bark Beached on the Bahamas.

NASSAU, New Providence, Jan. 28.—Italian bark Rosita C., bound for Charleston, was beached January 20 on the island of Abaco, Bahamas, in a sinking condition. The vessel and cargo were lost. Her crew and material were saved and have arrived here.

A Rhode Island Pension.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Original, widow's, etc.—Margaret Matthews, Woonsocket.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The following committees have been elected by the Methodist Episcopal Church for the ensuing year:

On missions—Willard S. Brayton, Mrs. A. V. L. Dennis, Mrs. Silas Davol, Mrs. Mary A. Dellfols, Henry Hedly.

On church extension—Mrs. Charles B. Ashley, Mrs. Henry Hedly, Mrs. George F. Tallman, Mrs. Lawrence F. Fish.

On freedmen's aid—Mr. and Mrs. George A. Faulkner, Mrs. Willard S. Brayton, Mrs. Priscilla A. Durfee.

On education—Philip B. Chase, Silvanus P. Fish, James B. Ashley, Mrs. Philip B. Chase, Chester Hedly.

On temperance—Marion S. Olivia, Miss Emma A. Tallman, Miss Emma L. Brayton, Miss Ida Faller.

On tracts—Silas Davol, Mrs. Elijah L. Tallman, Mrs. Job Carr, John S. Freeborn.

On Sunday School—Silvanus P. Fish, Miss Ella D. Chase, Mrs. Rowland S. Chace, Mrs. Mary B. Macomber.

On church records—Mr. Silvanus P. Fish, Philip B. Chase, Rowland S. Chace. On music—Miss Kate L. Durfee, Mrs. George A. Faulkner, Mrs. A. V. L. Dennis, Miss Clara Freeborn, Silvanus P. Fish, Charles B. Ashley, Miss Kate B. Fish. On parsonage—Willard S. Brayton, George A. Faulkner, Mrs. Silas Davol, Mrs. A. V. L. Dennis, Mrs. Annie Popple.

Estimating Committee—Philip B. Chase, Robert M. Wyat, Lorenzo D. Tallman.

A club has been formed, under the name of Portsmouth Skating Club, with the following officers:

President—Oscar C. Manchester.
Vice President—John F. Chase.
Secretary—Edward B. Ayler.
Treasurer—Arthur C. Chase.
Executive Committee—The above named officers, and Rev. J. Sturgis Pearce, Walter F. Dyer and Charles L. Freeborn.

The skating ground, now designated "Arbor Lake," is private property, and is leased by the club and under its control. No well behaved person is debarred from skating thereon, provided he is polite and courteous in manners and regardful of the rights of others, and especially careful of children and learners. No rough play will be allowed, or anything offensive in language. As the club has incurred considerable expense in fitting up the lake, it is desired that those who enjoy its privileges shall deem it a pleasure to contribute towards the fund necessary to keep it in good condition.

The little restaurant building erected by Mr. Morgan Ayler at "Arbor Lake" was blown down in the gale Friday, but another and larger one has taken its place, and the chowder, sandwiches and coffee which Mr. Ayler serves are so appetizing that no doubt he will reap quite a harvest.

Mr. Eugene E. Peckham went to Fall River Saturday, to spend a few days with Mr. Joseph E. Dailey.

Mrs. Lorenzo D. Tallman, who has been sick with tonsilitis, is improving.

Dogs have made a second attack on Mr. Alanson Peckham's geese, killing some and wounding others.

Mrs. William A. Wilcox is visiting her daughter, Mrs. William R. Mosher, in Adamsville.

Mr. Walter Tallman, who with his parents is spending the winter in Providence, visited his Portsmouth home, accompanied by Mr. Frank Wheeler, and spent Sunday there.

Miss Marianna Brazil, second daughter of Mr. Joseph Brazil, fell Saturday, with a kettle of boiling water in her hand, and scalded her forehead badly.

The sewing society of the Christian Church will meet Wednesday with Mrs. Asa Coggeshall.

Miss Elenora Thompson went to her home in Dartmouth, Mass., Friday, to be present at the marriage of Miss Alice Davis and Mr. Frank Smith. She returned home Monday morning.

The dance to be given in Eureka hall Thursday evening is expected to be a very enjoyable affair.

A GIRL'S LUNCHEON.

You mean the school luncheon? Let it be as nice as possible, and take pains to pack it very neatly for her, so that when the recess hour comes she may take an interest in what she eats.

A dainty box or little basket, a fine soft napkin, and some paraffin paper are indispensable to the preparation of lunches. Sandwiches must be made of thin bread and butter, with potted meat, cream cheese, or jam spread between the slices. Rough edges and crusts must be cut off, and the bread and butter be of the very best. There are many delicious crackers, some salted, some sprinkled with cheese-flakes, some sweet and crisp like cookies, which are appetizing with one's luncheon. And fruit is always in order.

If it is possible, and it usually is, to get a little boiling water, let the schoolgirl make for herself a cup of bouillon at luncheon. There are several excellent kinds of bouillon which come in small jars and bottles, and of which a spoonful added to a glass of either hot or cold water makes a very refreshing drink. I prefer hot bouillon myself, but cold bouillon is very refreshing too, and much better with bread and butter than cold water, if the luncheon is a simple affair of that.

A girl who eats her luncheon regularly, and avoids sweets, pastry and candy between meals, will have bright eyes and a good complexion. She will not look sallow and pasty, or have pimples and other signs of indigestion on her face.—[Harper's Round Table.

Removal.
COMMERFORD
Is now located in the new Conanicus Building, 239 Thames St., Cor. Market Sq., 2 doors below the old stand, where he will continue to conduct a high-grade tailoring business.
Goods Right. Styles Correct.
Prices Reasonable.

USE
Powell's Cough Syrup.
An excellent remedy for coughs and colds.
Prepared by
FRANK L. POWELL,
Corner Thames and Pelham Streets.

Boys' Clothing
Almost given away.
All Wool Suits, $2.00.
In 3 styles, all pretty, reduced from $3.00 and $3.50.
Boys' Blue and Black Cheviot Suits, $1.90.
Cheap at $2.75.
All Wool Suits, $3.75.
A score of handsome patterns, reduced from $5 and $6.
Boys' Ulsters, $3.75.
Heavy and Warm, reduced from $5 and $6.
HUNDREDS OF OTHER CHOICE BARGAINS.
Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
208 Thames Street, 208
Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

HIGH-CLASS
Furniture
OLD EMPIRE STYLE, ANTIQUE CARVED OAK,
GILT FRENCH AND ITALIAN DESIGNS.
Made from best materials, thoroughly artistic and substantial, newest and best designs and by most skilled workmen.
Lowest prices consistent with best workmanship.
GEO. E. VERNON & CO.,
91 John Street, Newport,
Running through to 84, 86 & 88 Levin Street.

The Bee Hive.
HAMBURG EDGING
In the latest designs of openwork, in narrow, medium and wide widths, at extremely low prices—8c., 10c., 12c., 16c., 18c. and 25c. a yard.
TORCHON EDGING in a large variety, of all widths.
OUR CORSET DEPARTMENT
Is the most complete in the city. Every new corset of any merit coming out is placed in our stock. We carry a full line of Thompson's Glove Fitting, Warner's Health, Coraline and Abdominal, C. P. P. D. and P. Z., C. B. in many styles, W. B. P. N., Loomer's Outaway Hip, Armoside and sole agents for the well-known KABO Corsets. Misses' Corsets and Waists in all popular makes and all at popular prices.
—AT—
The Bee Hive.

22d JANUARY, 1896.
A few fine, rare pieces of
JAPANESE BROCADES at $3.00 A YARD.
These are very suitable for sofa, pillow and cushion covers.
10 VERY CHOICE SCREENS AT $10.00.
They are embroidered with silk thread in very artistic designs—branches and flowers. The frame is oak color, finely carved. The first time we have received screens of this nature.
KAZANJIAN & CO.

This Morning's News.

POWER OF POPULISTS.

Hold Balance in the Senate Until March 3, 1897.

Armenian Resolution Adopted by the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senators Frank J. Cannon and Arthur Brown (Utah) took the oath of office in the senate yesterday, the former drawing the term ending March 3, 1899, and the latter the term ending March 3, 1897.

With the exception of the contested Delaware case, this establishes the political division of the upper branch of congress until March 4, 1897, as follows: Republicans, 41; Democrats, 39; Populists, 6. Total, 86. Necessary for majority, 44.

Should Mr. Dupont be seated from Delaware, the Republican vote would be increased to 45, but at the same time the number necessary for a majority would be increased to 46.

Aside from this event, the session was given to further speeches on the silver bond bill. Mr. Lodge offered an amendment to the silver bond bill providing for a bond issue of $100,000,000, the proceeds to be used for coast defenses. It reads as follows:

The secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to issue bonds to a total amount $100,000,000 at such times and in such amounts as may be required to carry out the purpose of this section as hereinafter described. Said bonds shall be payable in coin 20 years from the date of their issue. They shall be offered at par to the people of the United States in denominations ranging from $50 to $1000, and shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.

The subscriptions to the loan, or such portion of it as may then be required, shall be opened July 1, 1896, and at such subsequent dates as the secretary of the treasury may determine, at all sub-treasuries of the United States and all national banks, and the subscribers shall have the right to pay for the bonds in lawful money of the United States.

The sum of $3,000,000 shall be annually set aside from the revenue of the government as a sinking fund to pay the bonds under this act at maturity, and the $3,000,000 thus annually appropriated shall take precedence of all other appropriations, except those for the sinking fund, now established by law, and for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt.

The bonds authorized by this act shall constitute a loan to be known as the "coast defense loan," and the proceeds of said bonds shall be kept in the treasury as a fund apart, and shall be used only for providing for the defense of the seacoasts and lakes of the United States and for the manufacture of guns, the purchase of sites and the erection of forts and batteries for that purpose in accordance with plans prepared by the war department as authorized by law now or hereafter passed by congress to provide for coast defenses.

Reform Demanded.

The house, after an interesting four-hour debate, adopted the resolutions passed by the senate last week, calling on the powers, signatory to the treaty of Berlin, to enforce the reforms in Turkey guaranteed to the Christian Armenians, and pledging the support of congress to the president in the most vigorous action he might take for the protection and security of American citizens in Turkey.

The house committee had prepared some resolutions on the same subject, but it was deemed advisable, after the senate resolutions reached the house, to substitute them for those prepared by the committee. Mr. Quigg (N. Y.), who had charge of the bill, made an able presentation of the case, but there was a disposition on the part of some members to go farther than the resolutions did, and Mr. Hepburn (Ia.) proposed to give the Turkish minister his passports and sever all diplomatic relations with Turkey.

His remarks denouncing the Turkish outrages, and charging that the powers, signatory to the treaty of Berlin, were actuated from political and other considerations in maintaining the "balance of power" in eastern Europe, were received with great enthusiasm, and at one time it looked as if the house might be carried to his way of thinking.

But the counsel of Mr. Hitt, not to take rash action, in the course of which he pointed out the dire consequences that might result from severance of diplomatic relations with a friendly power that had fulfilled her treaty obligations to us, prevailed, and the Hepburn proposition was overwhelmingly defeated.

Mr. Bailey opposed the resolutions on the ground that it would be improper for us to "insult" the parties to the treaty of Berlin by intimating that they had not carried out their obligations. Mr. Turner (Ga.) took a similar view, and Mr. Grosvenor (O.) characterized the resolutions as incomplete and unworthy, and requested the committee to withdraw them. They were finally passed by a vote of 143 to 24, after a motion of Mr. Bailey to send them to the committee had been defeated 55 to 163.

AMBASSADOR PALMER.

Say Be the Title of Our Next Representative in the German Empire.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—Potter Palmer, a life-long Democrat, will, it is asserted probably be named by President Cleveland as the successor to Theodore Runyon as ambassador to Germany.

Mr. Palmer declined to say whether he would accept the place or not. He said it had not yet been offered to him, although rumors of his name being under consideration had reached him.

HALF A HUNDRED KILLED.

Miners Meet a Horrible Fate by an Explosion in a Colliery.

CARDIFF, Wales, Jan. 28.—The residents of the town and vicinity of Tylorstown, which is situated near here, were terrified by a terrific reverberation yesterday, which shook the whole town and caused people to rush out of doors, wondering whether they were being overwhelmed by an earthquake.

It was ascertained in a short time that the concussion was caused by an explosion in a neighboring colliery, with disastrous consequence to life and property. The latest report places the number of dead at 51, though it is feared that further exploration of the mine will develop the bodies' of more. Reports of the number killed have been conflicting, and there is doubt as to the actual number of men in the mine at the time of the catastrophe.

The mining population of the location knew all too quickly what the muffled, thunderous rumble of the explosion meant, and rushed to the mouth of the pit, only to have their worst fears confirmed. The shaft was found to be entirely shattered, and it was evident that there was little hope that any of those in the pit could have survived the explosion. The despair of the women who flocked about the mouth of the pit was terrible. The pit was found to have caught fire, and the hindrance that this caused to the work of the rescue parties added to the excitement and tension of feeling. It was only through braving the utmost peril that the living were able to prosecute their quest for the dead.

A Burglar's Victim.

YONKERS, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Mrs. Edmund Tucker was choked to death by a burglar at her home last night. She was found by her husband, who returned late, lying dead in a hallway just outside the sitting-room door. His little boy, aged 9, was found to be suffering from a severe cut across the face, and when asked what had caused the trouble, he said that an old man had entered the house and demanded money. When this was refused him, he seized Mrs. Tucker and choked her into submission. He then struck the boy with a heavy cane, and proceeded to take what valuable things he could find in a hasty trip through the house. Coroner Miles' examination disclosed the fact that Mrs. Tucker had been in a delicate condition, and that the shock, as well as the assault, was responsible for her death.

Sincere Grief.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Runyon is prostrated with grief, and as she would be unable to bear the strain of the elaborate ceremony for which arrangements are being made, the program was changed, and the funeral service took place at the house today. Only the family and the staff of the United States embassy were present. There will be memorial services in St. George's chapel on Thursday, upon which occasion Emperor William will be present. The newspapers pay tribute to the worth and ability of the late ambassador and the whole diplomatic corps. Hundreds of public officials, and practically all of the American colony, called at the embassy to express their sympathy with Mr. Runyon's family in the loss they have sustained.

St. Paul Not Yet Afloat.

LONG BRANCH, Jan. 28.—One-half of the crew of the stranded steamer St. Paul were taken off yesterday and shipped to New York, where they will go on board the steamer St. Louis. Captain Jamieson and two of the highest officers were left behind. All day the work of removing the cargo was kept up. No attempt was made yesterday to haul off the stranded ship on account of the extremely low tides, caused by the westerly winds. The wind must be from the east before the ship can be floated. The davits and movable tackle, weighing hundreds of tons, were transferred to lighters and tugs, in order to lighten the ship.

Suffragists Elect Officers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Woman's suffragist convention elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Susan B. Anthony, re-elected unanimously; vice president-at-large, Anna H. Shaw, re-elected; corresponding secretary, Rachael F. Avery; recording secretary, Alice S. Blackwell; treasurer, Harriet T. Upton; first auditor, Miss Laura Clay, and second auditor, Miss Anna Diggs.

Help Needed.

ST. JOHN'S N. F., Jan. 28.—The destitution is increasing here. It is difficult to exaggerate the condition of the workingmen and the unemployed. The streets are impassible from the recent snowstorms, thus affording work for 100 men, yet no steps have been taken to clear them. Petitions are preparing for presentation to Governor Murray urging the adoption of relief measures.

An Ignominious End.

LIMA, Jan. 28.—Colonel Teodoro Sempuario, the hero of the northern campaign in the recent revolutionary movement, has committed suicide with strychnine. He had only just returned from Europe. The event has created a deep impression in all circles here.

LASKER FIRST.

Pillsbury in Third Place at the Close of the Chess Contest.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 28.—The chess tournament was ended yesterday. Lasker took the first, Steinitz the second, Pillsbury the third and Tschigorin the fourth prize.

The final score was: Emanuel Lasker won 11½, lost 6½; W. Steinitz won 9½, lost 8½; H. N. Pillsbury won 8, lost 10; M. Tschigorin won 7, lost 11.

The St. Petersburg Chess club had the following expenditures in carrying out the tournament: To Lasker, total in purse, $700; to Steinitz, $370; Pillsbury, $295; Tschigorin, $235. Traveling expenses to the first three named players, $800; hotel and other expenses for the players, $999; sundries, $100. Total, $2,499.

Lippe Got "Lippe."

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—In the house of commons yesterday, McMillan (Lib.) moved that Canada accept the United States' standing offer of reciprocity in agricultural implements. Minister of the Interior Daly spoke against the resolution, as did also Davin (Con.). Davin, however, said that the farmers of the northwest were living by grace of the Massy-Harris company, manufacturers of agricultural implements. The Massy-Harris people, Davan said, had a mortgage on every second farm in his district. "The McCormack people of Chicago are just as bad, and if we have to be in debt, let us be in debt to our own people, not to d——n Yankees," shouted Lippe, a French Canadian. Mr. McMillan's motion was defeated.

Russia After Lion's Share.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Daily News this morning prints a dispatch from Vienna which asserts that news has been received there from Constantinople and Sebastopol which agrees that Russia has a fleet lying at Sebastopol and at Odessa, and that the Caucasian armies of Russia are being concentrated upon the Armenian frontiers in readiness to move next spring to realize the plans of Peter the Great for the partition of Turkey between the powers, Russia taking Armenia and Constantinople; France taking Syria and Palestine, and England taking Egypt and the eastern states of the Persian gulf, the remainder of the Turkish empire to be divided among the other powers.

ON GUERRILLA LINES.

How the Spaniards Propose to End the Cuban Revolution.

HABANA, Jan. 28.—General Canella has arrived here for a conference, and Generals Marin and Canella will shortly begin operations against the insurgents.

The Spaniards are about to inaugurate guerilla warfare against the patriots, and officers are now said to be in San Domingo forming a band of bandits and murderers. The bandits are offered $1 a day and what they can obtain by theft and murder.

The general impression here is that General Weyler will be the last Spanish governor of Cuba. A revolution is looked for here daily.

Communication with Pinar del Rio is still very much interrupted, but reports received by courier show that the insurgents there, under Antonio Maceo, are displaying great activity, and are doing much damage, despite the reports disseminated here that he was being closely pressed by the Spanish troops, and was anxious to escape into Habana as best he could.

It is admitted that some 2000 residents of Pinar del Rio province have joined the forces of the insurgents.

Pablo Oliva effected a junction at Punta de La Sierra, Pinar del Rio, with about 800 other insurgents, and afterward succeeded in capturing the private guards on the plantation of Murias.

Maceo and his men are in the extreme western portion of Pinar del Rio, according to the latest accounts. The volunteer troops at Paso Real and Guanes report that large numbers of insurgents have been passing those points in the direction of the city of Pinar del Rio, and that they have formed a junction with Maceo, whose following was about 1000.

Ammunition Seized.

At Mantua the insurgents learned from confidential sources of the whereabouts of large stores of ammunition, which were all captured.

At Santa Isabel, on the western coast of Cuba, the stores were plundered, and at Santa Maria the same was done.

Those who are fleeing before the advance of the insurgents can go no further west on land, and at Arroyos de Mantua they have boarded the pilot boats Guanera, Lince, Nueva Holanda and Khivas for refuge.

Maceo has now scoured the province of Pinar del Rio as far west as the seacoast, and it remains to be seen whether the claim of the authorities can be made good—that he will not be allowed to return to the eastward or to rejoin his forces with those of Gomez.

General Canella has arrived here for a conference, and Generals Marin and Canella will shortly begin operations against the insurgents.

The insurgents have made an attack on the station at Guira Macurijes, in Matanzas province, but it is reported that they were repulsed.

It is learned that the coffee crop is being gathered in the province of Santiago de Cuba. The sugar crop up to this time at Guantanamo, in the province of Santiago de Cuba, is stated to be 3700 tons.

The French government has made a claim upon the Cuban authorities that the insurgent leader Laine, who is now being tried by a military court, is entitled to a trial in a civil court, and France cites the treaty in support of this representation.

Caine's Serious View.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—H. Rider Haggard presided last evening at the meeting of the Society of Authors, to which Hall Caine read his report upon his mission to Canada. Mr. Caine took the ground that the Canadian copyright question was more liable to breed a serious international and colonial dispute than anything in the Venezuelan or Transvaal question. Mr. Haggard, speaking on the report, said that it was ridiculous to suppose that any government would put pressure upon Canada with regard to a copyright law. Most of them, he said, would rather see the question dropped than to quarrel with Canada over copyright.

Bella's Accuser Weakens.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 28.—The case of Bella Clinton of Athol, Mass., charged by Professor Durege, the music teacher, with forgery, was called for final disposition yesterday before Justice Walsh. Durege begged District Attorney Backus to allow him to withdraw the charge, but the district attorney refused to do so. Later in the day Durege was arrested and held for trial, charged with aiding, advising and abetting a criminal surgical operation.

Five Days For Throwing Eggs.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Louis Silverman, who threw rotten eggs at Herr Ahlwardt on the occasion of the latter's reception in Cooper Union on Dec. 12 last, was yesterday fined $25 or five days in the city prison. Justice Jerome, in imposing sentence, said that the court was not in sympathy with Ahlwardt's views, and only for the character of the complainant he would have sent Silverman to prison.

Schooner High and Dry.

SEA ISLE CITY, N. J., Jan. 28.—Schooner John W. Linnell and tug Sea King, which was towing the schooner from Boston to Philadelphia, went ashore yesterday on Townsend's Inlet bar. Four tugs went to their assistance, and the Sea King was floated. The schooner, however, could not be dragged off, and remains high and dry on the sand. There is some doubt whether she will ever be pulled off the bar.

Awarded $77,550.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In the case of the claim of David Meyerle, executor of the last will of Phineas Burgess, deceased, against the United States for the value of work done and materials furnished as contractors in the construction of the monitor Monadnock, the United States court of claims yesterday rendered a judgment in favor of the claimant for $77,550.

Murdered With a Hot Poker.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Mary Pinto, an old Italian woman, who was one of the band who made up what is known as the Capitol at New Brighton, S. I., was murdered by applications of a hot poker. Her daughter-in-law, 18 years old, is under arrest, charged with the murder.

Robes and Blankets,
SLEIGH BELLS:
Strings from $1 up. Shaft from 40c. up.
HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
256 & 258 Thames Street.
Repairing.

G. A. R. COMMANDER,
Jas. S. Dean, Gen. Grant Post, Rondout, N. Y.
CURED of DYSPEPSIA
Commander Dean writes: "As Chief U. S. Mail Agent of the U. & D. R. R., good health is indispensable. I found myself however all run down with Dyspepsia. I doctored and doctored, but I grew worse. I suffered misery night and day for fully two years. My case was pronounced incurable. I chanced to meet Dr. Kennedy about that time, and told him of my condition and he said, try a bottle of
DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY
Take it morning, noon and night, and it will cure you. I took the medicine as directed, but had no confidence in a cure, as my case had been tried by so many. After using it a week I began to feel better, and in a short while after that I was entirely cured. That terrible distress, everything I ate breaking up sour in my throat, had all gone and I have not had a moment's discomfort since. Today here isn't a healthier man and my appetite is grand."

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Real Estate for Sale.
Investors would do well to consult the following list of desirable tenement properties, all of which yield good incomes. Particulars on application.
Four-tenement house, Fifth ward, $4,000.
Three tenement house, Dennison street, $5,000.
Three-tenement house, Dearborn street, $5,500.
Two-tenement house, Gould street, $2,500.
Two tenement house, Berkeley street, $3,500.
Two-tenement house, Broadway, $3,500.
Two-tenement house, Spring street, $5,500.
Two-tenement house, Homer street, $2,500.

Fire, Life, Marine, Accident, Plate Glass Insurance
In the best stock and mutual companies and at lowest rates.

DAVIS, WARD & MAGILL,
169 Thames Street.

Removed
To old office.
DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
152 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

COTTAGES FOR RENT
ON THE FOLLOWING STREETS:
Arnault street.
Weaver avenue, $10 per month.
Rhode Island avenue.
Whitehall street and Bliss road, $300 a year.
Webster street, $15 per month.
Corner Middleton avenue and East Bowery street, large cottage, $25 per month.
Corner Kay street and Howard avenue, $25 per month.
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
Whipple & Son, Agents,
28 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

WILLIAM R. HUNTER & CO.
Have opened office at
57 Bellevue Avenue,
MUENCHINGER BLOCK,
For general
Real Estate and Insurance
Business.
Insurance effected in first-class English companies. Money to loan on strictly gilt edged real estate security. Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

Fire Insurance.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
107 Thames Street.

FURNISHED COTTAGES
To rent in Jamestown for the season of 1896.
Farms for sale. Also desirable building lots in the village and at the Dumplings.
APPLY TO
CHAS. T. KNOWLES,
Bay View House.

LOOK!
$15 Will buy a GENUINE rubber-trimmed **HARNESS**
— AT —
ACHILLES STEVENS'S,
48 & 50 Spring Street,
Carriage painting. Good stock and work guaranteed.

Sweet Refined
Apple Cider,
IN KEGS
Of from 10 to 25 gallons, for sale by
HENRY A. THORNDIKE,
65 & 67 Bridge Street, Newport.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

GROCERIES.
ESTABLISHED 1814.
CIGARS!
I am offering an all Havana cigar (long filled) for
5c. straight. $4.50 per 100,
Which will be found on trial better than many cigars that are retailed at 3 for 25c.
C. SHERMAN & CO.,
243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

WEBB'S CREAM SUGAR CORN
Is grown in the state of Maine (the home of the sweet corn) from early Crosby seed, which is noted for its fine kernel. It is gathered while young and tender, in the early morning while the dew is on the ear, and canned in a perfectly fresh state, thus ensuring that creamy quality which is so desirable. It is canned without the use of acids, and the mode of cooking is such that all the flavor and sweetness of the fresh green corn is retained. It costs a trifle more than the ordinary, but if you want the best corn that ever went into a tin can try Webb's.
—AT—
The Boston Grocery,
Smith's Building, Broadway,
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

CALIFORNIA
SLICED PEACHES,
IN CANS.
The Peaches for Cream.

PECKHAM & MANCHESTER
68 BROADWAY.

ATTENTION, Cash Buyers!
For the next 90 days I will sell my entire stock,
CONSISTING OF
Teas, Coffees, Spices,
—AND—
GENERAL GROCERIES, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
IRA E. WILSON,
Centennial Tea Co.,
95 THAMES STREET.

FISH, CLAMS and OYSTERS
—AT—
WILLIAMSON'S,
288 Thames Street.

I HAVE A FEW
of those upholstered Arm Chairs just made ready for cover. Secure one at once. They are just right.
GEO. NASON, - 28 Mill St.

GROCERIES.
JONES & COMPANY'S
Hungarian O.O. Flour
Is the best in the world. I am the mill agent in this city for this celebrated flour and have an enormous stock on hand and will sell a limited quantity at the following prices:
Whole barrels, - $4.[illegible]
Half barrels, - - 2.[illegible]
Half-barrel bags, 98 lbs., 1.[illegible]
1-8 barrel bags, - - [illegible]
1-16 barrel bags, - - [illegible]
Granulated Sugar, 19 lbs. for $1.
Splendid California Raisins, 3 lbs. for $1.
White Star Potatoes, 45c. a bushel.
Beauty Hebron Potatoes, 55c. a bushel.
—AT—
JAMES A. EDDY'S
Cash Grocery and Market,
250 THAMES STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1846
Imported Cigars.
Espanola, Democratas, 25s, per box - $2.[illegible]
Henry Clay, Bouquet Royal, 25s, per box. [illegible]
La Industria, Belmonicos, 25s, per box. [illegible]
Cortina, Mora & Co., Con. Bouquets, 50s, a box [illegible]
La Carolina, Occidentales, 25s, per box - [illegible]
Claribel, Camelias, 50s, per box, - - [illegible]
El Blason, Petit Duc, 50s, per box, - - [illegible]
Garcia, Perfectos, 25s, per box, - - [illegible]
PELEG BRYER & SON,
25 & 27 Broadway.

NEW CROP
New Orleans Molasses,
35c. a gallon
D. E. YOUNG,
130 Thames Street.

Your Face

Will be wreathed with a most engaging smile, after you invest in a
White Sewing Machine
EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW
PINCH TENSION, TENSION INDICATOR
—AND—
AUTOMATIC TENSION RELEASER.
The most complete and useful devices ever added to any sewing machine.
The WHITE is
Durably and Handsomely Built,
Of Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment,
Sews ALL Sewable Articles,
And will serve and please you up to the full limit of your expectations.
ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in unoccupied territory. Liberal terms. Address,
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, O.
For Sale by C. S. WILLIAMS.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced in residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A.M. to 2 P.M.

NEW BOOKS.

THE ART OF LIVING LONG AND HAPPILY, by Henry Hardwicke. G. P. Putnam's Sons. New York, London.

There is an author who teaches the science of happiness as believed in by Socrates, Franklin, Epictetus, Marcus Aurelius and other philosophers, philosophers still whether in Bronze or chained slaves, or rubbing with commonplace world. The book begins:

"I have never spent an unhappy day in life," said a learned Frenchman, who lived to an advanced age, honored and respected by all who knew him. The experience of this man shows that it is not absolutely impossible to be almost entirely free from sorrow."

Freedom from sorrow is the kind of happiness the philosopher strives for. Cheerfulness, independence, health, competence, friendship and knowledge are the essentials for the living of a long and enjoyable life. Not suffering trifles to vex one and cultivating the little pleasures so important toward the happy end—that is, balancing the pains by the joys. Experience shows that this can be done.

Marcus Aurelius's touching account of those persons whose teachings had concurred to form his character and manners is given, and pages from our own Franklin's Autobiography, where he tells how he endeavored to arrive at moral perfection. This last is delightful reading, and the "little artifice" to which with the blessing of God" Franklin acknowledged owing the continued felicity of his life down to his seventy-ninth year, the age of his writing, would with profit be familiar to all.

While health cannot be had by every one, the majority of cases the lack of it can be traced to mismanagement, and the things indispensable to happiness are far more subject to our command than we sometimes imagine, the author claims. The chapters are entitled: Happiness should be Systematically Pursued, Happiness Derived from Books, Cheerfulness, The Pleasures of Duty, Tranquility of Mind, Independence, Means of Acquiring and Preserving Health, Lives of Centenarians. The habits and manners of those who have lived even beyond what we speak of as a green old age are given, as useful examples, and to prove that a life of temperance and freedom from care prolongs existence. The book is very pleasant reading, full of good and suggestion, and, in this age of push and hurry, as restful as a leaf from the philosophers of old days when serenity of life was the rule.

SHOT OR BATTLE, by Bushrod Washington James. Henry T. Coates & Co., Philadelphia.

This is a handsomely bound and profusely illustrated volume of poetry and prose, dealing with both the Revolution and the Rebellion, and calculated to interest the patriotic souls, and appeal to those to whom the battles of Antietam and Gettysburg are more than words. The author was present on each battlefield after the action, as an active volunteer surgeon, and during last summer revisited each place, and also traveled over much of the ground of Revolutionary battlefields, of which he gives descriptions as they are today.

"As I write my memory reaches out through the long vista of departing time and thrills with a thrill of deepest feeling upon some prominent points upon which I have dwelt while tracing the history of my beloved country. From old, time-worn forts, whose walls once swarmed with the first defenders of the country, made theirs by adoption if not by birth, I come to forts yet well marked by shot and shell and bayonet thrusts of the late war. Monuments meet me on every hand, and yet any more would be required to mark even a half that has been done to bring the nation to its present pre-eminent position, its wide territory, its prosperity, its peace.

LIFE OF NAZARETH PASSETH BY, compiled and published by Uriah Furman Rogers, Equitable Building, New York.

What pertains to the life of the Messiah has been gathered from the four Gospels and arranged in order to give the story of Jesus of Nazareth from the time of the sign that betokened the Lord's coming to the death on the cross. The work has been done with care and reverence. The text is illustrated with reproductions of pictures by Murillo, Ribera, Guido, Boulogne Tonder, Rubens, West, Cosway, Bida and others, more or less distinguished for their representations of sacred subjects.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Improvements are being made to the rickety.

—Mr. John Bolt is at the Muenchinger-ing cottage.

—Mr. A. B. Almon returned from New York last night.

—Mrs. Carrie Doty-Spooner is visiting relatives in Providence.

—The schools are preparing for the celebration of "Flag day," February 12.

—Mr. Philip Dowling has returned from a visit of a few days to New York.

—The Mission band of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church held a meeting today afternoon.

—Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Lorillard have gone to New York, where they will remain a month. They have rooms at the Waldorf.

—Lieutenant L. J. Clark of the Naval Training Station and Ensign Frank Marble of the Naval War College are absent on leave.

—Robert T. Mathewson has rented of Lieutenant Hugh L. Willoughby his farm, consisting about tenantres, at Coddington point.

—Several Newport grocers have been called to appear before the United States authorities in Providence, to answer to charges of selling butterine for sale in violation of law.

—Deputy Sheriff Kandl this morning took in prisoners, the three house breakers and R. B. Cullen, who stole a pocket-book containing twenty four cents, to the Providence county jail.

THE APPLICATION OF COLD FOR PNEUMONIA.

The local application of cold is now common in pneumonia. Mortality ranging from thirty per cent. to nothing is recorded for various methods of treatment, while the natural recovery without treatment has been found to be about ninety per cent. Mays of Philadelphia reports 195 cases treated by cold, with 3.58 per cent. of deaths. It cannot be believed that any treatment invariably cures, and he relies by far the most satisfactory. The action of the cold consists in reducing the pulse, slightly slowing the pulse, toning up the heart, diminishing the pain in the chest, and relieving the difficulty in breathing.

ORGANIZED CHARITY.

Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the Local Society.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the Charity Organization Society was held last evening in Newton hall, and was attended by a good-sized and representative gathering, including among others Rev. Dr. Randolph, Rev. J. M. Craig, Rev. H. N. Jeter, Mr. Benjamin Baker, Rev. E. H. Porter, Rev. R. W. Wallace and Rev. Charles Paulson.

President Darius Baker presided, and opened the meeting by saying that he was glad to see so many present. He hoped that the large attendance would result in an increase in the membership of the association.

The business session of the association was then held. The treasurer's report, by J. Truman Burdick, was as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Balance December, 1894	$271 89
Annual dues	31 00
Donations	840 00
	$1,142 89

EXPENSES.

Salary of secretary	$400 00
Salary of agent	150 00
Salary of janitor	36 00
Rent	125 00
Fuel	16 00
Books and stationery	17 59
Printing	50 10
Postage	2 00
Evening entertainment	25 00
Balance December, 1895	$320 61

The annual report of the board of reference was then read by Rev. G. W. Cutter. It showed that January 1, 1895, there were 96 cases receiving relief, as follows: Class 1—The worthy old and permanent cases, 40. Class 2—Needing temporary relief, 18. Class 3—Needing work rather than relief, 31. Class 4—Not needing relief, 6. Class 5—Unworthy but with children, 7. Total, 96. Of class 1, four have died, one has gone to the city asylum, one is supported by relatives, and five are self-supporting. Of class 2, one is dead, four are transferred to class 3 and one to class 5, and ten are self-supporting. Of class 3, twenty are self supporting. Of class 5, four are self-supporting. This leaves out fifty cases, as follows: Class 1, 29; class 2, 2; class 3, 15; class 5, 4. During the year 113 new applications were received; of these thirteen were refused, and of the others, where assistance was needed, fifty-five are now self-supporting, one has died, four have left the city, one has been sent to the Home of the Little Sisters of the Poor, and one refused further assistance, leaving thirty-eight cases, which added to those carried over from last year gives the following total: class 1, 41; class 2, 7; class 3, 25; class 5, 7; total, 81. Of the 209 applicants for relief, 172 were relieved by the overseers of the poor, 8 by private persons and thirteen were refused. Sixteen who were on the society's books January, 1895, have not since then needed help.

The habit of saving has been encouraged by eleven faithful collectors, who have regularly visited the homes of the members. The amount collected during the year is $2,300.99; amount drawn out, $2,354.96, of which $225 was for the purpose of depositing in savings banks. The sum saved in 1895, as compared with that of 1894, is $86 more, and the amount deposited in bank $51 more.

The evening entertainments, begun five years ago, although quite simple and informal affairs, have been continued with gratifying results, and have been a source of cheer and entertainment to the hard-working mothers. These have consisted of descriptive talks on Egypt and Mexico, a floral entertainment, readings and social intercourse, and have helped to create friendly relations among all present.

There is no part of the charity work of the city which has produced such satisfactory results as that of the district nursing. In response to the written request of a physician, the faithful and efficient nurse, Miss Isabelle Smith, visits the homes of the sick poor and does all in her power to ameliorate their condition. She not only carries out the orders of the attending physician, but looks after the general sanitary condition of the sick room, and instructs some member of the family in the simple rules of cleansing, dressing, feeding, ventilating and caring for the sick. The district nurse has discharged her duties with great skill, tact, patience and sympathy, and the results of her efforts show that in no other direction can so much practical good be accomplished. We heartily commend it to the public and trust it may be more generously supported and more widely extended. As the secretary of our society is also a manager for the district nursing, all applications may be made at our office.

Since our society aims to be at once a bureau of information and a clearing house of all public charities, we still earnestly invite the cordial co-operation of all philanthropic persons and associations. The wise, humane and systematic treatment of the poor is so difficult a task that any agency which seriously undertakes it for the benefit of all classes and for the welfare of the entire community is entitled to the generous consideration and practical support of all. The added experience of each year confirms us in the belief that our methods are safe, sound and effective. As we look back we can see that we have made mistakes, and often it is most perplexing to know how individual cases can be most wisely dealt with. One cause of error and confusion, however, might be almost entirely eliminated, if all who are charitably inclined would act through us or would consult our records before acting, and would let us know to what extent they had aided others. In a small city like Newport there should be no difficulty in having a complete history of all cases, stating the causes which have induced poverty, whether transient or permanent; the amount and quality of relief called for; as also some record of what becomes of the various applicants after their names have been dropped from our list. Such a history would be an invaluable book of reference for all who wish to aid the really deserving to check fraud, to avoid the serious evils of overlapping and to expose the "dead-beats."

We fully realize that great care and discrimination are needed in classifying the various kinds and degrees of poverty, so that individual cases may be judiciously dealt with. The poor have been roughly divided into two classes, voluntary and involuntary paupers, of whom the first are willing and the second not willing to work. The true pauper is a man who does not work, either because he cannot or he will not. Most of the inmates of charitable institutions are constitutionally incapable of work; from two thirds to three fourths of them are not competent to earn a living. They are deformed, diseased, crippled or mentally unsound. All such of course appeal to our sympathy, and, wherever found, deserve our best care. Of those who are capable in mind and body and yet are paupers, some can find no employment, while others refuse to work when it is found. The first need not money, clothing or provisions, but a chance to do something and so to earn a living. The second, however, have no claim whatever either upon our pity or our funds. In our city the first class is largely represented during the long, dull winter months, when so many men, women and children are thrown out of employment. Then those who have not been able to save a portion of the money earned

CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.

THE UNCLASPED HAND.

I met a friend the other day,
And made to pass with careless nod,
He stopped and smiled; I did not stay,
And would not see his proffered hand,
I was "in haste"—you understand?
I knew he thought it very odd,
But sped again and went his way.

Next morning, in the news I read,
Through tears of grief, that he was dead!

And now, I must—you understand!—
Forever see that unclasped hand!

—[W. S. Shurtleff.

FANCIES.

Alas, that we a man should meet
In this progressive land,
Who will in Congress take a seat,
And let a lady stand!

—[Washington Star.

All pavements are more or less faulty, but some are not asphalty as others.—[Michigan School Moderator.

"Mamie, what is classical music?"

"Oh I don't you know? It's the kind that you have to like whether you like it or not."—[Puck.

Effie—Jack, papa said we must not see each other any more.

Jack—Indeed! Shall I turn the gas out?—[Harper's Bazar.

Hojack—What do you mean by saying that he treated you like a Lord?

Tomdik—He borrowed five hundred dollars from me.—[Puck.

Mr. Scrapleigh—I had an awful dream last night. I thought I was dead.

Mrs. Scrapleigh—The room was very warm, wasn't it?—[Puck.

First Commuter—I wonder what the ground rent of that high building is.

Second Commuter—I'm sure I don't know, I only wonder what the sky rent must be.—[Truth.

Teacher—Bobby, can you tell me what the word respect means?

Bobby—Yes, ma'am; it's the feeling a fellow only eight years old has for one who is eleven.—[Harper's Bazar.

"It is curious," said Hicks; "but in life the cat is most graceful and the duck most awkward, but how much a dinner changes one's views!"

"I fail to catch the idea," observed Darley.

"It is simple," said Hicks. "At a dinner, how graceful a duck seems—and how awkward a cat would be!"—[Harper's Bazar.

"I am verwy much afwaid," said Willie Wishington; "that I shouldn't be able to go to war in case this little squabble about Venezuela should amount to anything serious, don't you know."

"Why, you wouldn't be scared, would you?"

"I haven't gone into the mattah fah enough to consider the question of courwage. But it stwuck me that it would be verwy foolish foh a man to fight if he doesn't know what he is fighting about. And if a fellow weads enough to keep thorwoughly posted, I don't see how the deuce he would have any time left to fight, don't you know."

PERSONALS.

....Deacon and Mrs. Leroy Wilder of Dummerston, Vt., celebrated their sixty-fourth wedding anniversary January 17.

....Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginson, the military and naval historian of Massachusetts, who has been very ill, is improving in health.

....Whitelaw Reid is spending the winter at Phoenix, Ariz. He says that he has found the climate of Arizona milder and more agreeable than that of Cairo, Egypt, last winter. He felt that his health was better now than it had been during the past two years.

....Durham White Stevens, the counselor of the Japanese legation in Washington, is an American who resided many years in Japan and became thoroughly acquainted with its language, history and customs. Mr. Stevens is thoroughly American, but in diplomacy is Japan's right-hand man.

....Mrs. Betsey Holton, widow of Edwin Moody of Northfield, Mass., and mother of Evangelist Dwight L. Moody, died Sunday morning at her home in Northfield, Mass. The funeral will be held in the Congregational Church tomorrow. Mrs. Moody was in her ninety-first year and is survived by four sons, Isaiah, George, Dwight and Edwin, all residing in Northfield, and two daughters, Mrs. Cornelia Walker of Northfield and Mrs. Lizzie Washburn of Racine, Wis.

....Potter Palmer of Chicago has given $200,000 for the erection of a woman's memorial building, which is to be a monument to the work and accomplishments of women at the World's Columbian Exposition. The drawings are now nearly completed, and they show a building that will be one of the most beautiful in the country. The building will be located on the lake front, and will probably be used as a headquarters for the women's clubs of the city.

....Senator Hoar told some friends the other day that ex-Secretary Evarts is leading a secluded life in New York. His eyesight is impaired, and he occupies himself chiefly with matters that confine him to his rooms. Now and then some old associate visits him, and he lives over again, in memory, at least, his political life. His greeting of old friends is always very hearty. Senator Hoar's father was Mr. Evarts's guardian, and he and the present Senator from Massachusetts were brought up together.

....Mayor Gleason of Long Island City, N. Y., has recently taken to four-in-hand ties. He explained his reasons as follows: "I used to wear a little tie about as big as my finger, but the boys made over $50,000 on my election, and so they thought they'd have to buy me somethin', and they had this pin made for me. It's the first jewelry I ever wore in all my life." It is a diamond battle-axe, with a blood-red edge of rubies and a big emerald in the handle. "I had to have some place to put it," he said apologetically; "so the boys bought me this tie."

....Philo Parsons, whose death in Winchendon, Mass., is announced, was for many years one of the most prominent and public-spirited citizens of Detroit. He came of Revolutionary stock, and was born in Scipio, N. Y., seventy nine years ago. At the age of twenty-six he went to Detroit, and engaged in the wholesale grocery business. He identified himself with the interests of Detroit, and in later years distinguished himself as a public benefactor. He took an active interest in the University of Michigan, and secured for it the Ruh library from Heidelberg. He gave nearly $100,000 to Olivet College, and many smaller sums to other institutions.

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

January 28.

814—Charlemagne, emperor of the west, died.

1807—Pall Mall lighted with gas, the first use of the illuminant for streets. Several experiments in illuminating with gas were made between 1798 and 1807. In 1796 Dr. Pickel, a chemist at Wurzburg, lighted his laboratory with gas produced by the dry distillation of bones, and in that year, also, Earl Dundonald of Scotland lighted Culross abbey with gas obtained from coal tar. The first practical use, however, is accredited to William Murdock, who lighted his workshops at Cornwall with coal gas.

1859—William Hickling Prescott, American historian, died at Boston; born in Salem, Mass., 1796.

1868—Rear Admiral Clark H. Wells, U. S. N., died in Washington; born 1823.

1893—General Samuel Sprigg Carroll, U. S. A., retired, a prominent leader in the civil war, died in Washington; born 1832.

An advertisement might almost as well be out of sight as out of date.—[Printers' Ink.

Massage and Swedish Movements
—BY—
Miss Townsend, 16 Rhode Island Ave.

"The kind Boss makes his biscuits with."
PURE, STRONG, RELIABLE.
Is the verdict arrived at by Chemical Analysis of
BOSS BAKING POWDER
Economy, Health and Satisfactory Results attend its use.
MANUFACTURED BY
C. D. BOSS & SON, New London, Conn.

FINANCIAL.

BANKING HOUSE OF
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
11, 13, 15 & 17 Broad Street, New York.
MEMBERS OF THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
Orders for securities executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposit account subject to cheque at sight. Act as Financial and Transfer Agents for Corporations.
Branch Offices 252 Fifth Ave., corner 25th St., 87 Hudson St., and 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £
Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co., Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.
A. S. SHERMAN, Merchants Bank.

HENRY A. TOWNSEND,
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds,
36 Francis Building, Providence, R. I.
Newport, 15 Rhode Island Avenue.

W. S. Lawson & Co.,
BANKERS and BROKERS,
Members of the New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges.
49 Exchange Pl., New York
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH OR CARRIED ON A MARGIN.
Daily Market Letter sent on application.

and Women only
Are most competent to fully appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of CUTICURA SOAP, and to discover new uses for it daily.
In the form of washes, solutions, etc., for distressing inflammations, irritations, and weaknesses of the mucous membrane, it has proved most grateful.
CUTICURA SOAP appeals to the refined and cultivated everywhere, as the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet and bath.
Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 1, King Edward-st., London. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

ESTABLISHED 1817.
PETER FAERBER,
Manufacturer of High Grade
Carbonated Beverages,
24 Bath Road.

Lemon Soda,	Pear Cider,
Ginger Ale,	Apple Cider,
Sarsaparilla,	Raspberry,
Orange Phosphate,	Birch Beer,
Tonic Beer,	Ginger Champagne,
Cream Soda,	Mineral Waters.

Sole manufacturer of Hazard's Nerve Tonic and Hazard's celebrated Newport Aromatic Ginger Ale, which experts pronounce superior to the imported, and which is sent to all parts of the United States.
All goods are manufactured from DISTILLED Water. Agent for Sparkling Phosa and English Hop Bitter Ale, non-intoxicating, an article of merit, pure and wholesome.

VACUUM OIL COMPANY.
BOSTON,
45 Purchase Street.
"Go safely and you go far."
Write for quotations.

The Island Deliveries
— OF THE —
DAILY NEWS
Offer unequalled facilities for the sending of letters and small parcels to the RESIDENTS OF MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH. Our customers are free to avail themselves of THESE FACILITIES WITHOUT ANY COST to themselves.
Matter should be left at the News office before 2 o'clock, and will be delivered to destination before nightfall.
Letters should be enclosed in a government two-cent (green) stamped-envelope, conformable to the United States postal laws.
Envelopes will be furnished at the office if desired.
T. T. PITMAN, Publisher.

Calendars.
A few of those handsome calendars of ours are still left, but they are going fast, so come early if you wish to secure one.
John Vars, 126 Thames Street,
YOUNG'S BLOCK.

PRINTING AT THE DAILY NEWS OFFICE.

DRUGGISTS.

Try
DOWNING'S
Beef, Iron and Wine.
A standard preparation guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. Prescriptions
DOWNING BROTHERS,
42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Use Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry,
FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.
FOR SALE BY
JAMES T. WRIGHT, Pharmacist,
22 Washington Square.

A GOOD
CHEST PROTECTOR is an excellent investment this changeable weather. Should like to have you look over our stock.
Best quality and at reasonable prices.
GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,
108 BROADWAY.

TWO NICE PERFUMES!
Williamson's Editha and Sweet Pea Blossom.
Give Williamson's Rose and Cucumber Jelly a trial; the best thing for chapped hands and lips.
THE HUB PHARMACY,
176 Thames St.
EMIL S. BLUMENKRANZ, Pharmacist.

TO LOVERS OF
Fine Perfumes
I keep a full line, all sizes.
THEO. RICKSECKER'S.
They are the best; last longest; smell the sweetest. Once tried always used.
Also Colgate's Perfumes and Toilet Soaps at lowest prices, the original No. 6 Cologne of Hazard, Hazard & Co. (agent in Newport).
Night clerk. Telephone.
W. H. STRATFORD,
Bellevue Avenue, corner Levin Street.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary
OLD No. 145. NEW No. 226 THAMES STREET.
NEWPORT, R. I.

MILLINERY.

BARGAIN SALE!
Tourist, 29c., former price $1.00
Cornell Sailor, 50c., former price $1.25
Fur Felt, 88c., former price $1.25 to $1.48
Wool Felt, 29c., 38c. and 50c., former prices 65c., 88c. and 75c.
I have also a 5c. counter—Hats, Frames, Flowers, Feathers and Ribbons.
F. N. DAWLEY, 111 Thames St.

Clearance Sale.
For the next ten days shall offer all goods regardless of cost, to effect a clearance, owing to the limited space at our disposal for next season's productions.
M. E. TOBIN,
48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

NOW IS THE TIME
To have your bicycle cleaned and repaired at the largest and best equipped repair shop in the city.
Agent for M. C. Smith's Rubber Stamp, Ink and Pads, Door Plates, Steel Stamps, Stencils, Seals, Rubber Signs and Price Markers.
GEO. W. SMITH
90 Thames Street.
Read's Block.

ARCTIC ICE CO.,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALERS.
This company is prepared to furnish to of the best quality and in quantities at prices as low as can be purchased in the city.
Telephone connection.
Office, Commercial Wharf.
JOHN H. GREENE, Supt.

FOR SALE, CHEAP,
2,000 Azalias and Primroses
and a variety of other plants. Fresh cut flowers a specialty. Funeral and wedding work a specialty and at very low rates, at
H. J. HASS'S, 234 Thames Street,
Telephone connection.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

PERRY HOUSE.
Washington Square.
Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address
WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

CLUB COTTAGE,
Formerly HOTEL PINARD.
Permanent and transient guests accommodated by the day or week.
Breakfasts, Luncheons and Dinners served, Open all year round. Catering for outings.
11 Bellevue Avenue,
Nearly opposite Newport Reading Room.

BOARDING HOUSES.

TEW COTTAGE,
23 BRINLEY STREET, NEWPORT, R.
Will be open through the winter for permanent and transient guests. MRS. S. E. BLISS.

CHESWELL HOUSE,
22 Prospect Hill Street,
First Class Furnished Rooms,
WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Meals at all hours.
Saloon and Pool Room.
O. ANDERSON.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

New Music Books.
FIVE NEW CHOICE COLLECTIONS.
Choice collection Piano Music.
Choice collection Marches.
Choice collection Dance Music.
Choice collection Ballads
Choice collection Songs with refrain.
"Good Old Songs," Vol. 2. Price $1 each.
A number of new popular songs.
JOHN ROGERS,
210 THAMES STREET.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN NEWPORT.
SQUARE PIANO, newly strung at our repair shops and guaranteed to be as good as new for all practical purposes. Worth $200, but must be sold within a few days at any price over $75. Satisfactory reasons given for selling so low. Apply to
RALPH WOOD, PIANO TUNER,
Rogers's Music Store.

FISCHER
ESTABLISHED 1840,
PIANOS
RENOWNED FOR
TONE & DURABILITY
The wonderful popularity enjoyed by the
FISCHER PIANO
For the past FIFTY-FIVE YEARS is without a parallel in the history of the piano world. During this period
99,000
Pianos have been manufactured by this firm
Grand and Upright Pianos
In rare woods and chaste designs. Write for illustrated catalogue.
J. & C. FISCHER,
110 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.
—OR—
MANN & ECCLES,
122 Mathewson Street, Providence, R. I.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

BARGAINS!
WE OFFER A LARGE NUMBER OF
REMNANTS of FURNITURE COVERINGS,
in quantities of 1 to 5 yards in a piece, at
ONE HALF USUAL PRICE.
Also Samples of Carpets for Rugs. Call and see them. They are
Bargains!
J. W. HORTON & CO.,
42 CHURCH STREET.
J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD.

STOVES.
Large Variety of New and Second-hand Heating and Cooking Stoves at prices from
$3.00 to $30.00.
DINNER SETS.
Just opening, a crate of new patterns at low prices.
JAMES F. MARDEN,
COTTRILL'S BLOCK, 328 THAMES STREET.

NOTICE.
On and after Nov. 1, and till April 1, my shop will close every evening at 7:30 o'clock except Wednesday, 9, Saturday 11:30 o'clock.
PUSEY A. PEEP, JR.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS, AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. ADMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year, Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs 8417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs 8417-3
Paulisher's residence, 24 High St., 8722 B.

The Newport Journal and Weekly News contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent to any address in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type for five-sixths of an inch make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, and guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes should be of solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

PRINTING.

The News has its steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1896.

RUMORS OF WAR.

The public has learned to doubt the accuracy of Cuban despatches, and is fast coming to the conclusion that those from Europe and Asia, touching war rumors, are about equally unreliable. The Boston Transcript states the case aptly when it says: "If you would touch solid ground respecting foreign despatches, don't believe more than one third of the stuff which comes through the Atlantic cable, and then reduce that at least one half. Having done this, an allowed the alleged news a few days to prove itself, what is left after this process may safely be left to the sifting ordeal of time. The cable asserting that the sultan had become a vassal of the czar set credulous people to inquiring if the great European war, which has been so often predicted, was on the point of coming. But it appears that later researches in every European capital fail to unearth any such portentous agreement, which would precipitate a desperate struggle to prevent the Russians from debouching into the Mediterranean sea. But something of an important nature may have taken place; precisely what, we shall know soon enough for the interests of international peace and concord."

Much of this uncertainty and unreliability comes from the undue competition between press agents and correspondents, to create a sensation, and that they are encouraged to pursue this course from some of our home papers is evident. And so every suspicion of what may be, and every rumor of what is, is hurried across the waters and dealt out to the suffering community on this side.

But the censorship of the press is partly to blame, especially in the case of news from Turkey, Spain, and some other countries, still acting in the light of the eighteenth century. It is difficult for some people to learn that it is impossible to suppress the news in these days, and that the attempt to do so results in much more harm than good. Even the United States Senate cannot keep its secrets, nor could the Dunraven committee of inquiry. In such cases the fault is not so much in the newspapers as many people suppose. News is merchantable property which is bought and sold in the market, the same as is cotton and corn. If a Senator has it to sell and it is worth buying, he can always find a customer. The Dunraven committee speaks harshly of the New York Herald for having published its findings in advance of its wishes, but appears to have nothing to say about the person or persons whose breach of faith was involved in the transaction. In all such cases the facts come out through somebody who was intrusted with the secrets and proved leaky, either with or without a consideration.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

The Democratic committee is proceeding in its arrangements for the national convention in Chicago with as much enthusiasm as though it expected to elect its nominees, and perhaps its members do. The Republicans are dividing up. The silver breach among them is widening, the tariff program becoming more and more unsatisfactory, and the Monroe doctrine craze has already come to be repulsive to many of its peace-loving members. And so there are threats of breaking out from the fold in the mining states, while a bolt led by the New York Tribune and the Committee of Five Hundred is already launched in New York. At the same time many of the colored voters in the South are ill at ease under present restraints, and the German brewers and their customers are greatly disturbed in many of the large cities. It is seen that party lines in these days do not count for so much as formerly, and no one can tell what an election may bring forth.

But the Democrats must not count on these conditions with too much confidence, for they have dissensions of their own equally destructive to harmony and unity of action. They are no more one on the silver question, and probably no less, than their opponents; nor is there any known feature of politics or statesmanship on which the leaders are agreed. As a matter of fact, all the parties, not excepting the Prohibitionists and Populists, are in the mire of discord and contention so deeply that no one can safely predict the outcome a year hence.

But even these conditions afford amusement to the disinterested public. It is funny to see Senator Gorman, the apostle of Democratic discord whose pranks turned Maryland into a Republican state, posing as a pacificator and asking the whole party to come over to him and be at peace. And it is still more an occasion of merriment to hear Thomas C. Platt express his surprise at the divisions in New York, just as though he were not the chief stumbling-block over which the party is disrupted. Each of these men pleads with the voters to run to shelter, as the mother hen gathers her chickens under her wings for protection and control. Neither lowers his claims of boss-ship, nor offers to meet his antagonists halfway. The call is for surrender, unreserved, unconditional and absolute, and each virtually announces that there can be no peace or harmony on any other basis. And if Gorman, Platt and other bosses continue in this frame of mind, there can be no harmony on either side, and there is likely to come an uprising such as has on several occasions within a few years disappointed the most astute politicians and made their well laid plans of no effect.

WORTH CONSIDERING.

Very few people are better prepared to pass an intelligent opinion on the financial situation than Comptroller Eckles, who has established a reputation for sound sense and clear views where many others have gone astray. The report of his remarks at a Chicago banquet says: "He showed that the treasury is the greatest banking institution in the land, and yet possesses the least powers for self-preservation.' By one statute the Secretary is compelled to redeem the legal tender notes by gold on presentation; by another he is required to pay them out, 'that they may return again and again for redemption.' 'They are demand obligations never retired, fixed as to volume, and from their inception a source of loss and expense to the people. They doubled the cost of the civil war, and prematurely drove us from a specie basis to one, for many years, of irredeemable paper.'" The comptroller further declared that "the loss to the people through speculation engendered by them, the financial heresies to which they have given birth, the damage to individual business enterprise and credit through the recurring doubt as to the ability of the government to maintain the payment of them in gold, cannot be reckoned in figures." He insisted that these legal-tender issues of the government should be redeemed and retired, "if the American people are to be rid of the recurring danger and loss arising from their being a part of our currency issues."

The sober-minded press of the country is down on the resolution under consideration which attempts to define the Monroe doctrine. The New York Commercial Advertiser states the case exactly when it says: "The encouraging news comes from Washington that the sentiment of opposition to the foolish Davis resolution is growing in both branches of Congress. This indication of a return to political sanity will be heartily welcomed all over the country. The resolution in question was so widely at variance with what the people expected it to be that profound disgust and disappointment were expressed on every side when its terms became known. Its incoherent and menacing phrases are not Americanism, but demagogism. The thing should be dropped out of sight in the first convenient pigeon-hole, and left there."

Vigorous Armenian resolutions have been passed by the Senate and House of Representatives, but it is said that nothing is expected to come from such action. Unfortunately the country has come to think that not much is to be expected from any action of the present Congress. The House has shown considerable vigor, but the Senate is playing see-saw. It failed to respond to any of the important questions pressing for settlement, and thus far can be induced to do nothing except talk and pass resolutions, which carry little or no weight. Resolving against Turkey is very much like a dog's baying at the moon, so far as results are concerned.

Professor Taussig of Harvard has got the Republicans down on him by declaring in a lecture at Cambridge that "the present stringency in the treasury is due to the tariff act of 1890." This leads the Brockton Times to say: "Those college professors do get down to bottom facts occasionally."

Pawtucket is trying an experiment with its opera house. The Post says: "The management has made a radical change in the prices of admission to entertainments. The highest-priced seat is now only thirty-five cents, and the lowest admission price is ten cents."

Platt's legislature at Albany proposes to legislate the New York police commission out of office, and so get rid of Roosevelt & Company. Mayor Strong protests vigorously, and is going to the state capital to see about it.

Mayor Pingree thinks Detroit the wickedest city in the country, but some of the Woonsocket people are disposed to dispute him to his face. They think they have some claims to recognition in that line.

Uncle Sam is one of the largest publishers in the world. He has 2,677 compositors, and last year printed 1,787,000 bound volumes and nearly 1,200,000 pamphlets, at a total cost of about $3,000,000.

The American war cloud is now scarcely discernible, except to the jingoists, who still insist on big money to put the country on a war footing. To some of them there are millions in it.

The chaplain of the House of Representatives continues to pray for applause. He is a disgrace to his profession, and should be impeached.

Governor Altgeld, it is said, is to be renominated. Nobody else appears to want the nomination, and he is not quite certain.

The worst joke of the season is that of a Philadelphia paper: "Will Harrison's wedding make him a Dimmick-rat?"

The St. Paul is still basking on the New Jersey beach.

THE LITTLE QUEEN OF HOLLAND.

Arthur Warren contributes a very bright and interesting article on "The Little Queen of Holland," in the February Ladies' Home Journal. He presents this almost idolized girl sovereign in a graceful pen picture, tells of her daily life, her studies, her diversions, her toys, her pets, and of her patriotically rec'procated love of her subjects. Mr. Warren has sweetly pictured her in these words:

"She is a bright-faced, blonde little lassie who passed her fifteenth birthday August 31, 1895. She is rather pretty, and has a slender, graceful, young figure. I have seen her dressed in the peasant costume of Zeeland, and she looked for all the world like one of George Boughton's dear, delightful Dutch maidens, except that her cheeks were not ruddy. She has a very delicate, clear complexion; her hair is pale brown, and long and wavy; her eyes are blue, and there is a delicious twinkle in them which suggests that the young girl has a fair sense of humor. Her Christian names are Wilhelmina Helena Paulina Maria. * * * I suppose that if Wilhelmina I were asked by some staunch democratic maiden of her own age whether in the dignities of queenship there is much satisfaction for a little girl, she would answer 'No.' To be sure, there is some amusement to be got out of her position, but not so much as if the girl were the daughter of a rich Dutch burgher, or of a farmer in that wonderful country where the peasants are like walking jewelers' shops, and where the land flows with canals and honey. For one thing, the playmates of the child queen can be very few, and, as there is no bevy of brothers and sisters in the family, the girl's life has so far been spent almost entirely among persons much older than herself. * * * There has genuine affection for her throughout the country and with good reason, for she is a very lovable child. The sweetness of her nature shines out through her face. She has the most winsome smile that you could wish to see. She appreciates her position thoroughly; that is to say, as thoroughly as a girl of her years can appreciate such an exceptional condition as queenhood, and she is amusingly particular about the dignities which encompass her. For all that, she is delightfully considerate of others. Her servants worship her, Dutch children adore her, and everybody who comes into contact with her speedily becomes very fond of her. * * *"

FOOD OF THE SPERM WHALE.

One of the most energetic students of nature is the Prince of Monaco, the ruler of the tiniest nation on earth—a principality of six square miles. His later researches in oceanography have been made in a large and well equipped steam yacht, the Princesse Alice, and during last summer's cruise of this vessel in the vicinity of the Azores he had the good fortune to witness the taking of a cachalot or sperm whale by Portuguese fishermen. The animal was killed almost under the keel of the yacht. In its death struggles some objects on which it had been feeding escaped from its jaws, and by prompt action were secured by the naturalists, while in its stomach were found similar objects in a partially digested state. This food proved to be cephalopods, animals of the class of mollusca, including the octopus, squid and nautilus. The cephalopods were of large size—one to two meters long—and represent several new species, including one that seems to belong to no genus or family hitherto known. These animals have long evaded capture, as they neither come to the surface nor lie on the bottom of the sea, and their great agility enables them to avoid all attempts to take them with nets. It is now proposed to carry a whaling outfit on the next cruise of the Princesse Alice, in order that more whales may be made to give up specimens of the unknown life of the middle sea depths. The use of whales as zoological collectors is quite as curious as the use of crabs—not long ago mentioned—as prospectors for coal.

THE OUTDOOR WOMAN.

The best kind of skates for a woman to wear depends largely upon the strength of her ankles, and the amount of support she considers necessary for them. Many use the all-clamp American Club skate, made precisely after the pattern of those intended for men. This fastens by the clamps to the shoe at the ball of the foot and at the heel. There is a place at the back where a strap may be put on and brought up around the ankle for greater firmness. Those who are strong enough not to need this help dispense with the strap. Many dislike it on the ground that, if snug enough to be of any service, it binds too tightly, and, by preventing a free circulation, tends to make the feet cold.

The half-clamp is a compromise between straps and clamps, which suits perhaps the majority of women skaters. Instead of the rear clamp the skate has a high heel of stout russet leather, fastening around the ankle with a strap. The heel of the shoe fits into this, and is protected and supported on both sides and the back. In the front the skate is kept on the ball of the foot by the usual clamp. All strap skates, those which have no clamp fastenings at all, are still made, and used by a few, though they have been quite generally superseded by the more reliable half-clamps. The toe strap is often uncomfortable, and seldom works as well as the metal contrivance.

Shoes ought to be a very important consideration to the skater, as her skill and pleasure on the ice will be governed in a great measure by the kind she chooses. They should be made of strong, heavy leather, which will stand hard wear and not let the cold through easily. The soles ought to be unusually thick, both for warmth and for the purpose of giving the clamps a firm hold, and the heels not too high. Laced shoes are better than buttoned, because they can be drawn as tight as may be felt necessary, and because if a strap is used there are no buttons pressing into the foot. The farther they come up the better. Those of extra height, such as are often used for bicycling, are admirable for the purpose. Even if gaiters are worn, it is absurd to skate in low-cut shoes or "ties." This is done occasionally, but it is always at the skater's risk of a sprained ankle or a heavy cold, or perhaps both.—[Harper's Bazar.

A SIMPLE TREATMENT OF RABIES.

A simpler and more effective treatment for rabies than that of Pasteur is claimed by two Italian bacologists, Tizzoni and Centanni. A powerful anti-rabic serum is obtained from sheep by inoculating them seventeen times in twenty days with attenuated nerve substance from rabid animals. As a preventive, one and a half drops of the serum is said to protect an animal weighing four pounds, inoculated twenty-four hours later with dog virus; and as a cure, the sub cutaneous injection of one cubic centimeter even eight days after infection with rabies—or in the middle of the incubation period—is sufficient to stop the progress of the disease. The Pasteur method has little effect on rabbits—which are especially susceptible to rabies—but this serum prevents and cures even in these animals. A further advantage claimed is that the serum can be dried and kept a long time.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a good plain cook; willing to assist in any other work. Address Box 25, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation as plain cook. Good city references if required. Address Box 41, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1 3 Thames street.

WANTED—Capable girl to do general housework. References required. Apply 22 Mann avenue.

WANTED An experienced girl as waitress and chambermaid. Must have Newport references. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A respectable young woman experienced in kitchen work; must have reliable references. Address Box 6, Daily News Office.

WANTED—To assist in general housework, a Swede who has recently arrived in this country. Apply 227 Broadway.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED.

Horses to Board for Winter.

Large, light, well-ventilated box stalls, 11x16 feet. Spring water. Best of care. Paddocks for exercising. Horses met at Wickford Landing, Wickford, on 24 hours' notice. Correspondence and inspection invited. Address Locust Hollow Farm, East Greenwich, R. I.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Two good cheap tenements 10 Kilburn court. Apply 2 Kilburn court.

WANTED—By gentleman and wife, two well-furnished, connecting rooms with modern improvements. Private family preferred. Permanent if suited. Address Box 49, Daily News Office.

NOTICES.

Assignee's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED has this day received from Charles Philip Smith, of Middletown, Rhode Island, a general assignment of all his property and estate, not exempt from attachment by law, for the equal benefit of all his creditors saving only such as are preferred by the laws of Rhode Island.

All persons having claims or accounts against said assignor are hereby notified to bring in and prove the same before the undersigned within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said assignor will make payment forthwith to the undersigned.

JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Assignee.
Middletown, R. I., Jan. 15, A. D. 1896.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS of Laconi Union, No. 176, Carpenters and Joiners of America, will please meet at their hall tomorrow,

Wednesday, at 7:30 A. M.,

To attend the funeral of our late brother, M. C. Boyle. Gloves and badges.

Per order President.
J. H. GLYNN.

The partnership heretofore existing between A. P. Crandall and W. O. Pray, under the firm name of Crandall & Pray, Thames street and Market square, has been dissolved.

Mr. A. P. Crandall will continue the business and assume the obligations of the firm.

TAX ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

The Assessors of Taxes of the City of Newport hereby give notice that they will meet and be in session in the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in said Newport, every day, except Sunday and legal holiday, February 22, from and including

MONDAY, February 17th,

To and including

FRIDAY, February 28th, 1896,

From 9 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon, and from 2 o'clock to 5 o'clock P. M.

For the purpose of assessing and apportioning on the inhabitants of said city, and the Ratable Property therein, the Tax Ordered and Levied by the City Council of said City on the 21st day of January, 1896.

Every person and body corporate, liable to taxation in the premises, is hereby notified and required to bring in to said assessors, within the time or times, and at the place of meeting and session of said Assessors as above designated, A TRUE AND EXACT ACCOUNT of all his ratable estate, describing and specifying the value of every parcel of his real or personal estate.

The Public Statutes of Rhode Island provide that

"Every person bringing in any such account shall make oath before some one of the Assessors that the account by him exhibited contains, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true and full account and valuation of all his ratable estate, and whosoever neglects or refuses to bring in such account, if overtaxed, shall have no remedy therefor."

Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Trustees are hereby notified that all the foregoing applies to them and to Trust Estates as well as to other persons and property.

ROBERT S. GASIL, ANDREW K. QUINN, JAMES G. TOPHAM, } Assessors.

SAMUEL McADAM, Clerk.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 25, 1896.

Oysters, Fresh Oysters,

At 30c. per Quart.

We have those fine Long Island Oysters fresh every day. Have you tried them? Only 30 cents per quart

—AT—

Griffith's Fish Market,

10 Long Wharf.

Picture framing, Mat cutting.

SIMON HART,

5 Cotton's Court (upstairs).

Open from 11:30 to 5.

Ball Programs

Printed in first-class style and at reasonable prices. See our sample books for latest designs in folders.

DAILY NEWS OFFICE.

Middletown Quarry.

If you want anything in Stone line, Building Stone, Slate Stone, Pudding Stone, Crushed Stone of all grades; Path Dressing, color, Blue and Gray. Send order to

PECKHAM BROS.,

P. O. Box 195, Newport, R. I.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28, 8 A. M.—Forecast till 8 P. M. Wednesday—For Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut—Fair tonight and Wednesday; northerly to northeasterly winds.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Jan. 28, 8 A. M.—Local forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair tonight and Wednesday; westerly winds.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Of the seventy-five stations east of the Pacific states reporting daily to this office, but one (Halifax, Nova Scotia) has had precipitation in excess of a trace since this hour yesterday. Fair weather with winter temperatures prevails, and no evidence of storm development within the ensuing twenty-four hours can be seen from the reports this morning. The temperature fell decidedly last night throughout the St. Lawrence valley and northern New England. In the first named region it ranges this morning from 2 degrees below zero, at Montreal, to 12 below, in central Ontario. In northern Vermont and eastern Maine the mercury dropped nearly to the zero point. Thermometers at 8 o'clock showed: Northfield, Vt., and Eastport, Me., 4; Portland, 12; Boston, 22; Nantucket, 24. Clear skies prevail in New England, with brisk northerly winds on the coast.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Jan. 28.	8 h	12 h	18 h
Temperature.	23	36	40
Barometer.	29.95	30.00	30.05
Wind.	NW	NW	NW
Weather.	Clear	Clear	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 28.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 02 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 54 m
Moon sets ..... 6 h 45 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 52 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 47 m
High water ..... 5 h 40 m; 18 h 15 m

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 01 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 54 m
Moon sets ..... 6 h 45 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 53 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 49 m
High water ..... 6 h 31 m; 19 h 01 m

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 00 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 55 m
Moon rises ..... — h — m
Length of day ..... 9 h 55 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 52 m
High water ..... 7 h 21 m; 19 h 47 m

Moon's Phases.

Full Moon, Jan. 30, 3 h 55 m, W.
Last Quarter, Feb. 5, 19 h 38 m, E.
New Moon, Feb. 13, 11 h 13 m, E.
First Quarter, Feb. 21, 16 h 15 m, E.

NOTE.—The time used is Eastern Standard, 75th meridian W.; 0 h is midnight, 12 h is noon; all hours less than 12 are in the morning; all greater are in the afternoon, and when diminished by 12 give the usual reckoning; for instance, 15 h is 3 P. M.

NEW TODAY.

[NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS ARE LISTED HERE.]

Club Cottage; 3d page.
Powell's Cough Syrup; 1st page.
Shaker Digestive Cordial; 7th page.
Phil. Stevens—Turkeys, etc.; 6th page.
The Bee Hive—Edgings, etc.; 1st page.
Walsh Brothers—Toilet Sets; 5th page.
Crandall & Pray—Dissolution; 4th page.
A. C. Landers—Playing Cards; 5th page.
Portsmouth—Social and Dance; 5th page.
Perry Brothers—Weight Guaranteed; 8th page.
Wm. C. Langley & Son—Trouser Sale; 1st page.
The Boston Grocery—Cream Sugar Corn; 2d page.
C. W. Corbett & Co.—Creamery Butter, etc.; 4th p

Changes of advertisements cannot well be made after 11 o'clock in the morning.

To Let.

The Germania Hotel on State street Furnished. Possession at once. Successful business stand.

A. P. BAKER.

Gurney

HEATING APPARATUS,

Steam or Water. Repairs and alterations. Gas Fitting and Electrical Work.

PHILIP F. CONROY,

181 Thames St., Gas Light Co.'s Building.

WE DEAL ONLY IN

Pure Creamery Butter

(No imitations),

High grades of Canned Goods, Spices, Teas, Coffees, Prunes, Raisins, etc.,

Which we are selling as cheap as goods of that class can be sold. We struck the popular fancy in our canned LOBSTERS—they are the finest put up; we still have a few more; don't miss them; try one can. Rolled cider in bulk.

Good trades in good goods.

C. W. CORBETT & CO.,

125 Thames Street,

CORNER LONG WHARF.

INDUSTRIAL TRUST COMPANY,

40 Westminster Street,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL, - $1,000,000
SURPLUS, - $200,000

PARTICIPATION ACCOUNT.

Deposits on Participation Account on or before Feb. 15 draw interest from Feb. 1. Dividends August and February.

This account offers the advantages of Savings Banks with the additional security of the capital stock of the company.

Legal depository for Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Assignees, etc.

SAMUEL P. COLT, President.
J. N. ADDEMAN, Vice President.
CYRUS P. BROWN, Treasurer.
WALDO M. PLACE, Secretary.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, Wall Street, Opening—Atchison, 15¼; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 70¾; Louisville & Nashville, 49¾; Manhattan, 27¼; Reading, 12¾; Rock Island, 67¾; Sugar Trust, 93¾.

Noon—Money on call, 3¼ per cent; exchange, easier; prime paper, 6@7 per cent; exchange, easier, with actual rates at $4.87¼@4.87½ for sixty days; $4.88¼@¾ for demand; posted rates, $4.86½@$4.89; commercial bills $4.85½@4.86; silver, 67¾; government bonds, steady; state bonds, 107½; 4s coup., 109¾; railroad bonds, active; Pacific's, ——. The stock market this afternoon was quiet, and prices eased off under realizing sales. The decline, however, was slight, and some speculation was in a shade better tone at the fractional recovery.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.

Atchison	
Canadian Pacific	
Canada Southern	
Chicago & Alton	
Chicago & Alton preferred	
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	
C., C., C. & St. Louis	
C., C., C. & St. Louis preferred	
Cotton Oil Certificates	
Delaware & Hudson	
Delaware & Lackawanna	
Denver & Rio Grande	
Denver & Rio Grande preferred	
Erie	
Erie preferred	
Illinois Central	
Kansas & Texas	
Lake Shore	
Lead Trust	
Louisville & Nashville	
Michigan Central	
Missouri Pacific	
New Jersey Central	
North American	
Northern Pacific	
Northern Pacific First preferred	
Northwestern	
Northwestern preferred	
New York Central	
New York & New England	
Ontario & Western	
Oregon Navigation	
Pacific Mail	
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	
Reading	
Rock Island	
St. Paul	
St. Paul preferred	
St. Paul, M. & Man.	
Omaha	
Omaha preferred	
Sugar Trust	
Sugar Trust preferred	
Texas Pacific	
Union Pacific	
Wabash	
Wabash preferred	
Western Union	
U. S. Cordage	
U. S. Cordage preferred	
Duluth	
Duluth preferred	
Gen. Elec.	
U. S. Rubber	
U. S. Rubber preferred	

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—Stocks quiet; Bell Telephone advanced to 217 on very light transactions; Atchison and England preferred jumped to 55 from 5[illegible].

Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe	
Boston & Albany	
Boston & Lowell	
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	
Fitchburg preferred	
Old Colony	
West End Railway	
Calumet & Hecla	
Osceola Mining Co.	
Quincy	
Tamarack Mining Co.	
Tamarack Jr.	
American Bell Telephone	
Erie Telephone	
Dom. Coal	
General Electric	

A. O'D. TAYLOR,

Real Estate Agency,

121 BELLEVUE AVENUE, NEWPORT,

Furnished Cottages for Season of 18[illegible]

Those who wish to spend the coming season in Newport can ascertain particulars about cottages available by writing to advertiser.

Series A. $300 to $700.
Series B. $750 to $1,000.
Series C. $1,200 to $2,000.
Series D. $2,500 to $7,000.

Please specify what series is considered. Address A. O'D. Taylor, Newport, R. I.

DIED.

BOYLE—27th inst., Michael C. Boyle, aged [illegible] and 10 months.
Funeral from his late residence, 31 West [illegible] Wednesday, 29th inst., at 8:15 A. M., to St. [illegible] Church at 9 A. M., where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

HAYWOOD—In Fall River, 26th inst., Tamesin, wife of Jerome Haywood, in her 74th year.

BROWN—In Denver, Col., 28th inst., Jesse Brown, infant son of James B. Brown, [illegible] Mary L. Brown, aged 1 year and 20 days.

PARDEE—In Fall River, 27th inst., Albert [illegible], in his 53d year.

HUGHES—In Fall River, 26th inst., Mary L. [illegible] of John B. Hughes, in her 37th year.

TRIPP—In Fall River, 27th inst., Grace [illegible], in her 67th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

"I have been cured of headaches by taking your pills." Lodia Peckham, Box 88, Chatham, N. Y.

All danger of drinking impure water is removed by adding 20 drops of Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters.

Dean's Rheumatic Pills absolutely cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Enclosed in [illegible] safe.

"I feel fearfully stale this morning." I think you would if you have consumed a little gin on Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam yesterday; tonight you will sleep like a tired baby.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It relieves the little sufferer, it softens the gums, it allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

YOU CAN BUY AS FOLLOWS:

$1,000 buys brand new cottage.
$3,000 " " " " "
$2,500 " cottage, stable, 6,000 feet of land
$1,500 " " no 1 6,000 feet of land
$1,750 " " stable and shop.
$1,000 " " and 4,000 feet of land

Building lots on Bliss road, Bradford avenue, Island avenue, Broadway, Eustis avenue, North Newport avenue, Gibbs street.

We have no money to burn but we want to loan.

FOR RENT—Cottage, Clinton avenue. Eight rooms, Prescott Hall road, $120; tenement, Bowery $[illegible].

Fire Insurance written in reliable companies.

SIMEON HAZARD,
Real Estate Agency. OF RHODE ISLAND.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on the [illegible] day the 20th day of January, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

ON THE PETITION in writing of Edward [illegible] ley presented this day, praying that [illegible] other suitable person may be appointed Guardian of the person and estate of James [illegible] is represented in said petition as a minor [illegible] age of fourteen years resident of said Newport.

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 10th day of February, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court in City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week for three successive weeks.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS, Administrator on the estate of Elizabeth N. Simmons, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and the balance that the balance remaining in his hands as such administrator may be distributed to those legally entitled thereto.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 10th day of February, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week for three successive weeks.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE UNITED PRESS.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

WITH A BROKEN SHAFT.

Unarder Catalonia Towed into Port at the Azores.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—White Star steamer Cevic, which arrived from Liverpool this afternoon, passed Cunard line steamer Catalonia, January 22, one thousand miles from port, in distress, with her shaft broken. The captain desired to be towed to Boston, but Captain Nicol of the Cevic declined be cause of the great distance, and because he could not afford to turn back and tow her to Ireland. The Catalonia was adrift in the track of the trans-Atlantic liners, and has doubtless been picked up. Before the Cevic left she signalled "report like the Cevic's owners all well." As the Cevic fell in with her at 3 o'clock in the morning, not much light had been of her except the lights, but she seemed to be riding easily.

FAYAL, Jan. 28.—British steamer Catalonia, Captain Atkin, from Liverpool January 16 for Boston, was towed to St. Michael, Azores, today, with a broken shaft, by German steamer Braunschweig, from Bremen January 11 for New York.

DETERMINED NOT TO YIELD.

Bristol Rubber Works Crippled by the Strike.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—The strike at the works of the National India Rubber Company in Bristol is crippling the departments, and foremen have been pressed into service to keep the works running, but even then some departments have had to shut down partly or for a time. No skilled men have been secured to take the place of the strikers, but the management is determined not to yield.

IRISH LAND REFORM MUST WAIT.

National Defense and the Increase of the Navy Parliament's First Business.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The St. James Gazette makes the statement that it is the intention of the government to make the matters of national defense and the increase of the navy the chief business of the coming session of parliament, and to take up the question of Irish land reform after they have been disposed of.

Believed to Have Been an Earthquake.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Jan. 28.—The residents of Parsons Plaines, Mill Creek, Moosic and nearby towns within a radius of twenty miles of this city, were startled by a low, rumbling noise that shook the earth, at 6:30 o'clock last evening. At first it was thought that another explosion had taken place at the extensive works of the Moosic Powder Company. Upon inquiry at that place, however, it was learned that no such explosion had occurred. It is the general belief that it was an earthquake.

Burglars at Work in Mansfield.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Jan. 28.—Last night Osborne's variety store, at Mansfield, Mass., was broken into, and $75 worth of plated goods stolen. A carpenter's bit was also taken from the store, which the burglars used to bore a hole in the door of Jacob's clothing store, from which they stole clothing to the value of $125. There is no clue.

Modjeska's Company Disbanded.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 28.—Modjeska's company disbanded and returned to New York last night. Modjeska's physician said that she must remain here four weeks longer at least.

Damages for Families of Victims of Lynching.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 28.—Governor Bradley has recommended to the legislature the enactment of a law requiring counties in which lynchings occur to pay $2,500 to the families of the victims.

FUNERAL OF CORNELIUS V. DANAHY.

The funeral of the late Cornelius V. Danahy took place this morning from St. Mary's church, which was filled with friends of the deceased. Newport Council, No. 134, Catholic Benevolent Legion, and a delegation from Gen. G. K. Warren Post were present. The solemn high requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Dr. Crone, assisted by Fathers Tully and Cronan. The bearers were Warren Weymouth and Daniel J. Moriarty, from Warren Post, and D. W. Sullivan, Timothy O' Shea, Michael Kearney and Thomas McGuire, from the Legion.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

SIXTH DAY—AFTERNOON.

The trial in the case of Walter Dring vs. John Bishop, brought to recover payment of a balance due on contract, also for alleged extra work done at defendant's house on Narragansett street, proceeded. The testimony for the defense was finished by 3 o'clock, and counsel argued until 4:10. Judge Douglas charged the jury briefly, and at 4:20 they retired with the books, and later returned with a verdict of $96.00 for plaintiff. George L. Burgess of Little Compton, one of the jurors, was taken sick during the afternoon, and by mutual consent the case went on with but eleven men in the panel.

Plaintiff's claim was for $79 balance on contract and $150.64 for extra work, making $229.64, from which the defendant was to be allowed a sum for services as nurse. She admitted a balance of $69 to be due on the contract. It is intimated that the jury allowed $40 for the nursing, and disallowed an "extra" charge for stairs.

At 4:25 o'clock the case of Patrick J. Greaney against Mary Finn, for $300 for an upright piano, sold to defendant September 29, 1895, and delivered September 28, 1895, for cash, which has not been received, came up. Thirty dollars was paid on account. A jury was selected with little effort, with George F. Bailey as foreman. Mr. Burdick represented the plaintiff and Mr. Callaghan the defendant. Plaintiff took the stand and explained his side of the case. The matter was still pending at the hour of adjournment.

SEVENTH DAY.

The court met at 9:30 o'clock. The case of Greaney vs. Finn could not proceed, as Mr. Burdick, plaintiff's counsel, was detained by illness. The case may come up again later in the term. At 9:35 o'clock the court adjourned till Wednesday morning.

TUG AQUIDNECK DAMAGED.

Injured While Towing Schooner Massasoit up the Bay.

This morning about 8 o'clock tug Aquidneck spoke schooner Massasoit, coal laden, for Fall River, off Castle Hill, and secured the job of towing her up the bay; but she didn't tow her, for reasons that will appear later. A good stiff breeze was blowing, and there was considerable difficulty in passing a hawser to the tug. The two craft had reached the Dumplings, and a hawser was being passed, when the schooner came about a trifle, probably because of a squall, and her bobstay struck the tug's smokestack on the starboard side, knocking it overboard. With it went almost all the port rail from the upper deck, and the flagstaff; a part of the upper deck was smashed and the exhaust pipe broken, but otherwise the tug was not damaged. When Captain Kelley saw the schooner swerve he put his helm about and swung away, avoiding more serious damage. The hawser was dropped.

Walter Hanley, bremen on the tug, when he saw the big schooner coming down on her, jumped into the schooner's forward rigging, and was carried up the bay. The Aquidneck came into the inner harbor under her own steam, but being unable to make further progress, was then helpless and was picked up and towed to her dock by the Fort Adams launch.

A temporary stack is being made, and the tug will probably be able to resume business this afternoon. A new stack and the slight repairs necessary to her deck-house can be made later.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The town council met yesterday in the town hall, all the members being present except Thomas Carr Watson, who is serving on the jury in Newport.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid: George A. Brown, for repairs on highways, $92.92; A. R. Cory, $2; E. N. Hammond, $12.50; William A. Barber, repairs on highways, $12.83; John E. Brayman, repairs on highways, $13.83; Alton Head, repairs on highways, $11.20; William C. Watson, salary as inspector of hydrants, $23; R. E. Sherman, fees for services as town sergeant, $5.62; Alton Head, $1; James J. Holt, janitor of the engine house, salary, $10.40; Alonzo Tefft, overseer of poor's order, $15; T. T. Pitman, advertising, $12.06.

The bill of the Jamestown water works for $23.29 was referred, and William H. Gardner was appointed a committee to confer with George H. Norman in regard to the bill.

The town clerk was authorized to send to the state librarian copies of acts passed by the General Assembly in 1896.

Mr. Abbott Chandler appeared before the council and asked for permission to lay a drain or sewer across Bay View drive. There was no objection, and accordingly permission was granted.

Mr. Abbott Chandler, truant officer, requested that an ordinance be passed in relation to truants similar to that in force in Newport. An ordinance was passed similar to sections 1, 2 and 4 of chapter 29 of the Newport city ordinances.

Charles E. Weeden and Alvin L. Champlin were appointed a committee to purchase five hundred feet of hose, in accordance with the vote of the town in April.

William H. Allen asked the council to set a price for the use of the town hall for twelve evenings during the winter as a dancing school. It was voted to charge $2.50 a night.

The following jurors were drawn: Grand, Theodore D. Wright, Hoxie P. Brown; petit, Samuel Smith, George L. Barber, Alvin H. Peckham, Clarence E. B. Carr, Ezekiel T. Brown, John E. Gladding, Silas Carr, Louis W. Anthony, David T. Briggs, John B. Landers, Henry B. Tucker. Twelve were called for, but eleven were all that could be drawn, as the rest, otherwise eligible, had served within two years.

Last night Captain I. B. Briggs left for New York, and will visit the Pusey & Jones works at Wilmington, where the Conanicut was built, before his return.

The Ladies' Beneficial Society of the Central Baptist Church had a bean supper at Mrs. S. C. Clarke's residence last evening. The tables were tastefully decorated with potted plants. There was a good attendance.

Mr. Charles Lelloent was on the island yesterday.

Miss Addie Wickes of Dartmouth, Mass., is guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Anthony.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Littlefield of Block Island are visiting Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Littlefield.

At the meeting of Conanicut Council, Royal Arcanum, this evening, there will be an initiation and an oyster supper. The hall will be pleasanter even than before the recent fire, and Mr. Smith intends to have it papered.

Mr. John H. Gardner has returned from Shannock, R. I.

FEBRUARY ATTRACTIONS AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

The manager of the Opera House has secured the following attractions for February:

Monday, 3—"Too Much Johnson," with William Gillette and the original company.

Tuesday, 4—Tony Farrell in the romantic Irish comedy-drama, "Garry Owen."

Thursday, 6—W. A. Brady's "Humanity," for the benefit of the Knights of Pythias.

Monday, 10—William Barry in "The Rising Generation."

Thursday, 13—"The Tornado" a sensational comedy drama of Western life.

Monday, 17—Ward and Vokes in "A Run on the Bank."

Friday, 21—Charles McCarthy in "One of the Bravest," an interesting comedy-drama depicting life among the firemen of New York.

Monday, 24—Return engagement of Rice's "1492."

Thursday, 27—The old favorite comedy, "The Two Johns," with J. C. Stewart and Paul Dresser as the "Johns."

The management is holding two dates, Friday and Saturday, February 14 and 15, for Mr. F. A. Fredericks's Mikado company.

The New York police have captured a man named Andrew J. Anderson, who acknowledges having robbed Mr. J. L. Kernochan's house on Long Island. They have recovered some of the articles stolen from there, and also some taken from the Meadow Brook polo clubhouse last fall, together with many other articles. Mr. and Mrs. Kernochan accompanied the police and Anderson about Hempstead, looking for some of the stolen property, which had been hidden in the ground, but which had been later taken by others of the thieves.

ORGANIZED CHARITY.

CONTINUED FROM THIRD PAGE.

during the summer, either through habits of self-indulgence or through excessive demands upon their small wages, become objects of charity. Our sympathies are rightly enlisted in behalf of all persons who are honestly seeking work, but fail to find it; and we would make a special appeal to all who may need extra "help"—even though it be for a few days only—to notify our secretary and allow us to supply the demand. This is one of the ways in which the public can best promote the work of our society.

In this, as in all cases with which we deal, our first object is to make the poor and dependent self supporting and self-respecting. As our work continues we find that relief is not so much needed as counsel, sympathy and advice in matters of practical economy, personal thrift, a careful adjustment of means to ends, and a wise use of what one has. Perhaps no greater harm can be done to the poor than giving money, fuel, clothing or provisions, when these things are not actually needed; or without anything being done in return. Any act of charity which tends to lower a man's energy and ambition or to lessen his sense of respect and personal responsibility is a grave misfortune. Henry Ward Beecher once said: "The next worst thing to not helping a man is to help him." By not giving we may injure ourselves, in checking a generous impulse to relieve a suffering fellow-creature; yet we do a greater wrong if by our own act we help to pauperize him. All impulsive, ill-considered and indiscriminate giving opens an easy door to chronic mendicancy. For this reason we would, if we could, abolish all public official outdoor relief, and only assist those whose cases have been personally investigated, whose misfortunes are real, and who will not be degraded by receiving aid. To this end we invite the close and cordial co-operation of all who have any dealings with the poor, such as the King's Daughters, The Helping Hand societies, the Townsend Aid for the Aged, the Dorcas Society, the Flower Mission, the Home for Friendless Children, the overseers of the poor, the churches, and various charitable fraternities of our city.

We greatly deplore the fact that the number of persons receiving outdoor relief is steadily increasing; and we can only repeat and emphasize the truth that the amount of waste constantly going on is largely due to the lack of co operation among charity workers. Of course, each society is quite free to adopt its own methods and pursue its own ends. Yet each can exercise more discretion, and each can assist all the rest, by friendly conference and by a private comparison of cases assisted. In this respect the churches of Newport ought to take the lead, and set a good example to the whole community. If there could be some simple plan of federated work of all denominations for practical charity and social reform, it would result in positive and permanent good to all classes and conditions of men. All churches—whether Catholic, Protestant or Jewish—wish to do all the good they can, and do not wish to be duped or to give at random. Religion in its broadest sense means "Love to God and love to man." On that common platform all good men can stand and work together. The churches are continually giving, but not always wisely. Pastors have no way of knowing what other pastors are doing. In every parish there are, of course, certain well-known, deserving persons who are regularly looked after by the parish to which they belong. But there are large numbers, who really belong nowhere, who drift into this church or that and drift off again, according to the gifts and spoils they succeed in securing. Their children attend two or more Sunday schools, irregular through the rest of the year, but "right on hand" at Thanksgiving and Christmas time. Now, it is this class of dependents that needs looking after, whose deception and mendicancy are encouraged by duplicate giving. If each pastor would appoint friendly visitors, to go to the homes of those needy ones; ascertain their real condition, and let us know who are worthy and who are imposters, we shall be prepared to render them a like service in return. We have no desire to enter into competition with church workers, but seek to assist them in making their work helpful to those who most deserve their assistance. Our aim and principles are purely humanitarian.

We have, indeed, to confess that the success of our efforts has fallen far short of our ideal; but when we see dependent families lifted out of pauperism, children saved from vicious surroundings and drunken parents, beggars become honest and self-supporting, tramps made to earn their bread before they eat it, imposters detected and exposed, the sick and helpless skillfully cared for in their distresses, and all charitable people shown just where to help and how to do the most good—we claim the confidence of all paternal and religious societies and ask the generous support of all good citizens. The watchword of our time is Christian socialism, which means in its practical application that the strength of the strong and the wisdom of the wise shall be used, under God's law, to help the weak and to save the foolish; in other words, the best forces of society shall unite to relieve the miserable and help the poor to help themselves.

Following this brief reports were read from the Home for Friendless Children, the district nurse, the Flower Mission and the Dorcas Society. The report of the secretary on the district nursing showed that 1,890 visits were made during the year, to 126 patients, and that the Ladies of Notre Dame and the girls of the Helping Hand Society contributed many ready-made garments for children, and that a new bicycle had been contributed.

The annual election of members to the board of reference, for three years, resulted as follows: Rev. E. C. Bass, D. D.; S. S. Jessup, Captain J. P. Cotton, W. P. Buffum, Rev. M. Van Horne. Robert S. Franklin was re-elected auditor.

Later the board organized by selecting the following officers:

President—Darius Baker.
Vice President—Rev. E. H. Porter.
Treasurer—J. Truman Burdick.
Secretary—Mrs. K. A. Curtis.

The presiding officer then introduced Rev. J. H. Nutting, chaplain at the state institutions, who spoke nearly an hour and a half on "Juvenile Delinquents: Who are they? Where from? Where do they go?" and answered questions asked regarding the work of the reform school. The address was an informal talk, but proved very interesting. The speaker opened by telling of the great benefit of organization and registration in charity work, and illustrated his point from his own experience, advising all who have knowledge of charity work to report to the society, which will not publish the information in the papers, and with whom it may be of great use.

Coming to his topic, he said that the reform school children are not the children of criminals, for criminals do not, as a rule, have children; but come from the lowest grades of society in the various centres; few come from the country. They come from families where the father is a drunkard and the mother is forced to work to support the family, and has no time to look after the children; or, worse yet, where the mother is a drunkard, and the children run wild; or from families unfortunate, where the father is dead or has deserted them, and the mother has to work; or where the mother is dead. There are, besides, some who are mentally unbalanced and come from better families, but generally they are children who have had no proper home care, and run wild, following their instincts and the bad example of older children. They are from ten to twelve years of age, ignorant of the first principles of morality, untrained, undisciplined. They are criminals, if boys and girls of such age can be called criminals. Wash them and dress them

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Schooner Angler is in, with coal for G. B. Reynolds & Co.

—Yesterday tug Aquidneck towed schooner Caroline Hawes to Cole's river.

—Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Cunningham have returned from a visit of two weeks to Boston.

—Miss Downing of the kindergarten department of the public schools, who has been ill, is now somewhat better.

—There was no business in the district court this morning. The case against J. B. Bachelier, for rent, was to have come up, but was postponed.

—Sidney Watts, James Hiscox and Thomas Bradley of New York, William Barrett of Providence and Charles Conley of Boston are at the Perry House.

—Thursday the annual encampment of the Grand Army and the annual meeting of the Women's Relief Corps will be held at Pawtucket, and a large delegation from Newport is expected to go up. Last year the Grand Army met in this city.

—The annual meeting of the Newport Street Railway Company was held this afternoon, when the old board of directors was re-elected, as follows: A. C. Titus, T. T. Pitman, A. S. Sherman, G. R. Chase, G. B. Reynolds, Darius Baker and Angus McLeod. The treasurer's report showed the affairs of the company to be in good condition. The directors elected A. C. Titus president, and Francis Hardick secretary and treasurer.

FISH IN COLD CLIMATES.

Some late experiments by M. P. Regnard indicate that the fishes in cold climates are not destroyed in a wholesale manner, as is commonly believed, by the sudden and total freezing of the streams in which they live. As the water of an aquarium was brought near freezing point, a carp gave evidence of falling asleep, its fins becoming motionless and the action of its gills scarcely perceptible. At 3 or 4 Fahrenheit degrees below freezing, the fish seemed to be fast asleep, but was not frozen; and at about 6.5 degrees below freezing, it became apparently dead, though it did not stiffen. The temperature was then slowly raised, when the carp awoke, seemingly uninjured. No greater cold is found in the polar seas, so it is evident that the hardier marine animals are quite capable of living even in those waters.

DECORATED

English Toilet Sets,

10 PIECES,

For $2.25.

WALSH BROTHERS.

First-class Meats.

We are prepared to sell first-class goods at the

Lowest Possible Prices.

And we feel sure that it will pay you to give us a trial.

T. GLADDING & SON,

29 Touro Street.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

CHEMISTS,

New York and Newport.

COD LIVER OIL

WITH

Pepsin and Quinine,

The standard remedy for all lung diseases.

212 Thames Street.

CORNER CHURCH STREET.

☞ Store in Casino building will open early in the season.

MARK-DOWN SALE!

A few of the many bargains we are offering this week:

1 lot Gentlemen's Heavy Domet Flannel Shirts; for this sale 25c.

1 lot Gentlemen's Heavy Blue Flannel Shirts, large bodies and well made; regular price $1; for this sale 75c.

1 lot Suspenders, former price 20c.; for this sale 12c.

50 dozen Camel's Hair Socks, cheap at 20c. a pair; for this sale 12c.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

LEVY'S

76 BROADWAY

BALL PROGRAMS

At the Daily News Office.

IT IS OF

INTEREST TO YOU

To know that I have re-opened my establishment. You will find me, as ever, ready to thoroughly examine

YOUR EYES,

And cheerfully advise you about the

PROPER GLASSES

Or other attention these organs may require.

MUELLER,

Scientific Optician, Bellevue Ave.

BRUNSWICK CIGARS.

J. D. RICHARDSON & CO.,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

IF you are dissatisfied with your glasses, IF your eyes trouble you in any way, TRY

WILSON, OPTICIAN,

80 Broadway.

No charge for examination. Will call at residence if desired.

PRICES REASONABLE.

Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

IF YOU WANT TO GET A GOOD PIECE OF

Spice-Cured Corned Beef

—GO TO—

SHERMAN & ROONEY'S,

251 THAMES STREET.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Unity Club.

Study Meeting, 8 o'clock, Tuesday evening, 28th January, at Channing Parlors.

SOCIAL AND DANCE.

There will be a grand social and dance in

EUREKA HALL, - - PORTSMOUTH,

Thursday Evening, January 30.

Music from New Bedford.

Managers—Messrs. David B. Anthony, Charles L. Freeborn, Frank R. Tallman and D. P. Dunling.

Mechanics' Building Auditorium,

Huntington Avenue, Boston.

GRAND OPERA SEASON

—IN—

Italian, French and German.

Under the direction of

ABBEY, SCHOEFFEL & GRAU.

From the Metropolitan Opera House, N. Y.

TWO WEEKS ONLY,

Beginning MONDAY, Feb. 17, '96.

Repertoire for First Week:

Monday, "Faust"; Tuesday, "Carmen"; Wednesday, "Les Huguenots;" Thursday, joint appearance of Melba and Calve, "Lucia Di Lammermoor" and "Cavalleria Rusticana"; Friday, "Tristan and Isolde" (in German); Saturday matinee, "Carmen;" Saturday night, "Falstaff." Sunday night, Feb. 24, Grand Sacred Concert.

Subscription sale now in progress at TREMONT THEATRE, Boston, closes Jan. 31.

Orders by mail, with certified checks, will receive prompt attention.

Address ABBEY, SCHOEFFEL & GRAU, Tremont Theatre, Boston, Mass.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Furnishing Meats and Provisions for the City Asylum.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Overseers of the City Asylum, at the City Clerk's Office in the City Hall, until Thursday, January 30, 1896, at 5 o'clock P. M., for furnishing and delivering at said Asylum on Broadway, during the present municipal year on such day in each week as shall be specified by the Keeper of said City Asylum, forty (40) pounds, more or less, of good sound MEAT, free from taint, of either the following kinds as requested by said keeper, viz:

Shanks and shins of Beef, cut straight off.

Fore quarters of Mutton, cut short.

Flanks of Beef, for stewing, well trimmed of fat.

CORNED Beef, of equal parts of flank and front half of thick rib plate, chucks to be cut eight (8) inches from neck.

A memorandum of the weight thereof MUST be furnished to the keeper at the time of each delivery.

SEALED PROPOSALS will also be received at the same place and time for furnishing and delivering at the said City Asylum, during the present municipal year, such QUANTITIES of PROVISIONS as may be required from time to time by the Keeper, more or less, of the following named goods:

TWENTY-FOUR (24) barrels of Pillsbury's Best Hard Flour, Three hundred (300) pounds of Comstock's Lard, One thousand (1,000) pounds of the American Sugar Refinery Co's Refined GRANULATED Sugar, Two hundred (200) pounds of Choice Formosa Tea, Three hundred (300) pounds of Carolina Rice (medium grade), Six (6) bushels of medium White Beans, One hundred (100) pounds of Roasted Java Coffee, Three hundred (300) pounds of Onyx Creamery Butter, Six (6) boxes of Lenox Soap, Eight hundred (800) pounds of Comstock's SALT Pork, (lean ends), Forty (40) pounds of Duryea's Superior Starch, One hundred (100) gallons of Fancy New Orleans Molasses, and One hundred (100) pounds of "B. & L." Tobacco.

Samples of Tea, Rice and Molasses must be furnished to the Overseers with the proposals for Provisions.

Proposals should be marked "Proposals for FURNISHING Meats at the City Asylum" or "Proposals for Furnishing PROVISIONS at the City Asylum," according to the class for which the proposals are intended.

Proposals for Providers should state price per single barrel, pound, etc., and price for total amount of articles advertised for, to be at the price per single barrel, pound, etc.

Any further information may be had of any member of the Board of Overseers or of the Secretary.

The Overseers reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Overseers of the City Asylum.

THOS. B. CONGDON, Secretary.

Newport, R. I., January 23, 1896.

WAREHAM OYSTERS,

Mine is the only fish market in this city which handles

WAREHAM OYSTERS.

F. C. SMITH - - 471 Thames Street

Hothouse Grapes and Peaches

WM. CARRY,

119 & 121 Bellevue Avenue,

Not a Branch Store.

GOOD PRINTING

LIKE

GOOD CLOTHES

Is an indication of the Prosperous up-to-date business man.

THE DAILY NEWS OFFICE

Do You Play Cards?

YOU SHOULD LEARN

Where to get the best cards for the least money.

LANDERS is making a special drive in playing cards and offers EXTRA GOOD VALUE for your money.

See our leaders for 10c., 15c., 25c., 34c., 49c. and 59c.

—AT—

A. C. LANDERS'S,

167 Thames Street,

COVELL'S BLOCK.

Headquarters for Parlor Games.

Royal Extract of Malt.

This preparation possesses a flavor so delicate as to be gratifying and welcome to the weakest stomach, and its wealth of saccharine strength renders it a wonderful tonic. It is made from the best barley-malt that can be produced and is an absolutely pure product. For sale by

D. W. SHEEHAN,

18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.

Reliable Eggs

—AT—

LANDERS & PECKHAM'S,

142 Thames Street.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, etc.

DRY GOODS.

When in Doubt

BUY AT

TUCK'S.

Bargains in Rugs.

Just opened, a large consignment of manufacturers' samples of mats and rugs in a great variety in sizes and patterns—tapestry, body Brussels, velvets, moquettes, Axminsters, best Wiltons, prices ranging from

50c. to $6 each.

Ladies' Wrappers.

200 manufacturers' sample wrappers' at prices unheard of. A regular $1.75 and $2 wrapper for

98c.

WHITE QUILTS.

We offer three grades of white quilts at the following low prices:

75 Marseilles patterns, 69c.

40 " " " " 79c.

35 " " " " 98c.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

204 THAMES STREET.

"THE BIJOU" HAT.

Sehr Spasshafte Spielkarten, 35c.

Alle Denis. hen Spiele und Waaren zu den Billigsten Preisen.

39 THAMES STREET MRS. FOGDAN.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE UNITED PRESS.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

CHINESE FORGERS.

Java Banks and Merchants Victimized by Their Operations.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 28.—Latest advices from China tell of the uttering by Chinese forgers, on the island of Java, of upwards of $3,000,000 in Java bank notes. In order to have the notes accepted forged notary acceptances were placed on them. Already £600,000 of forged and discounted notes have been discovered, and many Chinese merchants have been placed under arrest, including Captain China, one of the wealthiest Chinamen in Java. It is believed by the police that the forgeries were completed in Singapore. One house, that of Tan Kim Tjiang, discounted £300,000 of the forged notes; Nash & Co. discounted £135,000, and other houses that discounted largely are practically bankrupt. Nearly all the leading Chinese merchants of Java have been victimized.

Kwee Khee Soe, a native of China, but now a resident of Sourabaya, and a band of native etchers have been arrested. Soe has confessed to having committed the forgeries, and implicates many others, all of whom insist that they are innocent.

MAY SETTLE THE SENATORSHIP.

Kentucky Republican Caucus Believes Four Democrats Ineligible.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 28.—At a caucus of the Republican members of the legislature last night, the ineligibility of four Democratic members whose seats are not contested was thoroughly discussed, and decisive action taken. It was found that one is a city attorney, one a United States examining surgeon, and two are auditors' agents, and that the holding of such positions makes them, under the law, ineligible for the office of representative. The caucus agreed upon and adopted a resolution for an investigation as to the eligibility of the four Democratic members. This action may settle the Senatorial contest.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Kentucky Physician Suspected of Killing His Wife and a Patient.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Jan. 28.—A sensation which has been brewing for some time culminated last night in the arrest of Dr. P. T. Rhodes, a prominent physician of Newville, in this county, charged with murdering Jared Robinson, a wealthy farmer and neighbor, last July. Rhodes is also suspected of the murder of his wife, who died shortly before Robinson's death. Rhodes was attending Robinson during a sickness, and it is claimed poisoned him. October 11 following, Rhodes and Mrs. Robinson were secretly married at Jeffersonville, Ind., and at once converted Robinson's entire estate into money, collecting $5,000 insurance, and announced that they were going to Mexico. Rhodes was jailed here last evening.

German Archaeologist Probably Murdered in Mexico.

DURANGO, Mexico, Jan. 28.—Henry Behrmann, a German archaeologist, left Mazatlan about a month ago on a trip through the Sierra Madre mountains in the state of Sinaloa. He was accompanied by an American acquaintance whom he met in San Francisco. Advices have just reached here that the dead body of Behrmann has been found about sixty miles north of Mazatlan. The American companion is missing. It is believed that Behrmann was murdered and robbed.

Assignment of a Milwaukee Dry Goods House.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 28.—James Morgan & Co., one of the oldest retail dry goods firms in this city, have made an assignment. The assignee is bonded for $150,000.

THE SULTAN OF TURKEY.

A Queer Mingling of Diverse Human Characteristics

The character of the Sultan of Turkey is the most profound mystery of our time. Some of us have seen him. We know his origin and history, we have studied his rule in his own capital, we are acquainted with the facts of his reign, and we have questioned the few men who during recent years have talked intimately with him face to face. But all this affords no clue to the mystery. Here is an Asiatic, first a debauchee and later a religious fanatic; who has hardly seen a civilized city or had a civilized man for his friend; who lives in the strictest seclusion, fearing instant assassination; who rules over a people nine tenths of whom look upon him as a political and religious usurper; who has seen during his reign vast territories detached from his kingdom; who has been crushed in a great war; who has let a powerful fleet go to utter ruin, and a splendid army totally degenerate; who, finally, was once the ally of Great Britain and France, and is now without a supporter among all nations. Yet he is able to defy Europe; with impunity to outrage the conscience of the civilized world; to trample under foot every solemn engagement that has been wrung from him; to score one diplomatic victory after another over six of the most experienced and wily ambassadors living; to laugh at the pressure of powers whose battleships could lay every coast town in Turkey in ashes in a few hours, and who could set in motion ten millions of men; and, finally, when he has at last been constrained to promise life and liberty to an oppressed people, deliberately set about to exterminate them.

This man, I say, is the greatest mystery of our time. Moreover, I do not believe anybody lives who can explain him. Certainly, I make no pretense to do so, but I have recently been studying him at rather close range, and that I am not without some intimate knowledge of his movements is perhaps proved by the fact that I knew and published in the London Chronicle, his acceptance of the project of Armenian reforms twenty-four hours before any one else in Europe. Therefore I may perhaps throw a little light upon the mystery.

THE PERSON OF ABDUL HAMID.

Take the outward man first. Abdul Hamid II is short, bent in the back, languid in movement, with occasional paroxysms of nervous activity. He has large ears, a large nose, large lips, large hands and large feet. His eyes are grayish, his hair is thin and dark, like his beard; his teeth are long and yellow, and his complexion is like parchment that has been roughly folded a dozen times. That is, everything in his appearance contradicts the idea that he is an Osman—a pure Turk. In fact, he is an Armenian. His mother was an Armenian slave, and unless all tradition lies, his father was not the Sultan Abdul Mejid, but the latter's Armenian gardener.

In this fact of his origin is to be found the secret of the Sultan's intense and unreasonable hatred of the Armenian race, and also the explanation of many practical qualities of statesmanship in which he excels the Turk. For the Armenians are the buyers and sellers, the money lenders and usurers, and bookkeepers, the speculators, the commercial parasites. Thus, though Abdul Hamid II has played with success many a game in which a Turk would have been utterly worsted, and though he is in name and position the thirty-fourth man who has girded on the sword of Osman in the sacrosanct Mosque of Oyoub on the Sweet Waters of Europe, he does not really belong to that race which Freeman declares to have produced more great leaders of men than any other that has ever existed. He is fifty-three years old.

HIS DAILY LIFE.

From the man let us turn to his daily life. On the Bosphorus, a few miles above Constantinople, is the palace of Dolmabaghdeh. It is a dream of white marble, a perfect fairy creation, glittering like a row of Alpine summits, so gossamer in design that one is tempted to think a rough wind would blow it away. Within, everything is of superlative beauty, and of the purest Eastern art. Every rare wood, every beautiful stone, every delicacy of faience, every skill of carving, every conceivable luxury, have been lavished upon it. No sovereign in the world has the chance of inhabiting such a gem. Of course, you say, Abdul Hamid lives here. Far from it. He only sets foot in it once a year, to receive the homage and the allegiance of his subjects. He lives in a plain white marble building, of common modern shape, on the highest point of the city—Yildiz Kiosk, "the Palace of the Star," a name it does not deserve.

The ground of his choice is simple, but sufficient. At Dolmabaghdeh he would be close to the water, which might bear boatloads of conspirators to his very door; and there, too, the gates of his dwelling would be passed by the crowds, among whom assassins might lurk. At Yildiz he is far from the dangerous waters which have drowned so many of those upon whom his displeasure has fallen. Nobody can even approach his gates, for he surrounds himself with thousands of troops, the only ones well paid in his whole empire, whose loyalty is assured by ceaseless favors and presents. If you wish to convince yourself of the reality of his seclusion, walk up the hill toward the gates of Yildiz. You will not have got far before a warning cry of "Yasak—it is forbidden!" reaches you. A second later the gleam of a sentry's bayonet and the rattle of the lock of his rifle bids you pause, and if you appear to show the slightest hesitation the next morning will probably find you lying stiff and cold in some remote slum of Galata, having obviously been killed in a midnight brawl by some of the human scum with whom the city swarms—one man added to the thousands of unexplained mysteries of the Ottoman capital.

For uppermost in the mind of the Sultan at every moment of day and night is his dread of assassination. The water he drinks is brought from a safe distance in sealed casks. His food is prepared with unimaginable precautions and tasted by others before it reaches his lips. He never sleeps in the same place two nights running. He has a bedroom to which he ascends by a ladder, pulling it up after him. Whenever he receives a foreigner he wears white gloves, lest infection should be conveyed by a touch of the hand. Let the chief eunuch but whisper that a certain minister or officer is plotting against his life, and that man finds himself in life-long exile on the confines of the empire before he is much older. I have seen men tortured, shot, hung, guillotined and beheaded, but I have never seen such terror lurk in human eyes as was betrayed by this "king of kings" as he drove through the serried ranks of thousands of saluting soldiers on his way to pray in his private mosque. It was the look on the face of a rat upon whom the cage door has just sprung when he is lifted up to the light to be examined.—[Washington Star.

A BALTIMORE DINNER.

The following will give the reader who has never enjoyed the actual experience an idea of what the Maryland Club dinner, as eaten and digested by the members of the older and original stock, really is. We will begin our Maryland dinner with oysters from Lynnhaven, Va., a step which will surprise those who do not know that six generations of surveyors have been unable to indicate the frontier lines between the two states, most probably because (alack! that this should have been said before, and in Congress) there are none. A consommé is then to be recommended, whereupon the terrapin in real Maryland style is ushered in with an air of becoming solemnity. Upon this mystery follows a saddle of mutton from the mountains, which will have "hung" for two weeks; and then appears the second mystery of the repast—a wild duck with celery, and hominy which has first been boiled and then fried—the hominy, and not the duck. Now do not be obstinate and insist upon the wild duck being a canvas back, if Tom whispers in your ear that the "hunter" of the club writes to say that this peerless bird is flying high and doing "poorly." A good red-head or a baldpate, or even a mallard in good condition, is much better eating than a canvas-back which has been doing poorly. As a matter of fact, the baldpate—better known to ornithologists as the sheldrake—is the best eating duck. He does not seem to have the nice nervous organization which worries the canvas back, thin, and you will understand his succulent plumpness, his easy-going, amiable nature when from your blind or sink box you have watched the rogue steal the crisp wild celery which the diving canvas-back has spent an afternoon in uprooting. Your feast should conclude with an Eastern Shore ham, two years old, and baked a rich claret color, and then coffee, cigars, and liquors, according to your fancy. The wines with which you may decide to discuss your dinner will be very good, whatever your choice may fall, but the Maryland Club whiskey and Madeiras cannot be found elsewhere, and for the latter you can offer almost any price and yet not get a bottle, unless you have not only friends at court, but luck. The Maryland Madeiras have much in common with the wines of Shiraz which the Persian bard sang, and the Falernian in which Horace delighted. Your Baltimorean thinks of them in the most serious moment of his life, when making his will, and if he leaves you any of his Patterson, Donaldson or "Fanny" Madeira you will have lost a friend who loved you well.—[Stephen Bonsal, in Harper's Magazine for February.

INVESTIGATE

The Integrity of Construction of the

NEW ENGLAND PIANO

Both inside and out. We court comparison. None better made. Popular prices for Cash or easy payments. To rent by the day, week, month or year. Largest warerooms. Most styles and greatest variety in the world.

200 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

VANISHED, $50,000.

Mr. Heskell had nothing to commend him but his wealth, though, of course, he did not require anything more. As most middle aged New Yorkers will remember, he was a short, stout man of dark complexion, with exceedingly thick eyebrows, wide nostrils, high cheek bones and large mouth—altogether decidedly unpleasing—and the expression he habitually wore was one of lowering suspicion and cunning greed. He had no graces of manner and was ignorant, but very shrewd, and by reason of his wealth was everywhere treated with deference. His business was loaning money—short loans generally at 2 or even 3 per cent a month, with a good "bonus" commonly—made to business men in urgent need of cash to meet liabilities or withstand the adverse pressure of a falling market. Never was he known to give a day's grace to a debtor or delay an hour foreclosing a mortgage or selling an unredeemed security. It was one of his peculiarities that he trusted no bank. Money was to him a commodity, goods, to be safely stored and handled as in the ways of trade watches and jewels are, not to be put into other men's coffers and represented by written bits of paper called checks. He stored his "commodity" in a safe deposit vault, took it out in person, carried it in a great wallet strapped to a belt so as to lie in the small of his back and paid it to his victims in big bills, the numbers of which he always took carefully.

In 1857 he loaned $20,000 to A. & D. Moretto, commission merchants, for 30 days, taking their note for $21,000, with collateral in the shape of securities worth five times as much in any ordinary market. But those were panic times. The Morettos, young men, relied upon drawing from a rich uncle in Havana within the time sufficient funds to meet the note, but unhappily he had without their knowledge gone to Europe. Before they could reach him the note fell due. In vain Albert Moretto, who conducted the negotiation, pleaded for a renewal on any terms. Mr. Heskell had the securities sold on his account and by an agent bought them in for little more than his claim, an operation that eventually gave him an enormous profit, for the securities were all good. The young men were ruined, and the fact seemed doubly hard to them since within a week they reached the uncle, who was very willing to aid them, but whose help came too late. They felt very bitter toward Mr. Heskell, who would have been as surprised as indifferent had he known it, for all he had done was "strictly in the way of business."

Seven years later R. D'Aguerre y Cie, a South American house, opened a branch in New York, with Daniel Moretto as the local manager. It was not a large concern, but stood well on the street. Daniel Moretto was one of the young firm Mr. Heskell ruined. The other, his brother Albert, was still with him as a bookkeeper, a position in which he was unnoticed.

To meet heavy drafts on account of the incoming coffee crop D'Aguerre y Cie applied to Mr. Heskell for an accommodation. They wanted $50,000 for two months, offered ample security in warehouse receipts and would not give more than 2 per cent a month without bonus, even though the financial market was rather stringent just then. It was not what he could consider a brilliant operation, but it was safe, had some profit in it, and so the old usurer, sighing that he could not squeeze more out of them, consented. The succeeding Monday would be as soon as they would want the money. Then at 10:30 a. m., Mr. Heskell said, he would bring it to their office. His familiar demon tried by stirring his memory to give him a warning. He felt the jog, but did not take in its significance. Looking at the manager's name on the firm card, he said, "I did some business once with a firm here of the same name as yours."

"Very possibly," replied Daniel, with a shrug of indifference. "The name of Moretto in almost as common among us as is Smith with you."

Mr. Heskell had never seen Daniel before, didn't remember much about the Moretto affair anyway and thought no more of the matter.

From the time the store closed on Saturday until late Sunday Albert Moretto remained alone in the office, busy with some work that, when concluded, left him weary and sore handed, but with an unwonted light of triumph in his eyes.

Monday, sharp on time, Mr. Heskell entered the small glass partitioned office at the back end of D'Aguerre y Cie's store, having passed to it between huge stacks of bagged coffee. A rail divided the little room. On one side were the manager's desk, a safe and some office appliances. Against the opposite wall was a long, narrow sample shelf, between which and the rail, near the end of the manager's desk and facing the door, was a chair fastened to the floor to prevent its being moved about. In that chair Mr. Heskell seated himself. In doing so he, according to his invariable habit, put his big wallet, with the belt tightly wrapped about it, in his hat between his feet. Mr. Moretto was seated at his desk alone. Leaning forward, with his elbows on the end of the desk, Mr. Heskell scrutinized the warehouse receipts. There was some talk over them, Mr. Moretto feeling unwilling upon reflection to lock up quite so much of his coffee for so long a time. He would rather give two notes of 30 and 60 days than one for the latter term. Finally that was arranged, and the money lender reached down for his wallet. The moment his fingers closed on it a look of affright flashed into his face. Trembling with excitement, he tore it open and shrieked, "Robbed!" It was empty.

"Did you have anything in it?" asked the manager, who had not during the interview moved from his chair and whose manner was a blending of surprise and cold suspicion.

"I—I thought I had $50,000 there—50 $1,000 bills," stammered the usurer with pale lips, sinking as if overcome into the chair. But in a moment he sprang up, crying, "I must have left them on the table in the vault," and ran out. But neither in the coupon clipper's den in the vault nor anywhere else did he ever again see his money or get upon any trace of it, and the loss literally broke his heart. The police could not help him. He tried, by swearing he had left it in the vault, to force it from the safe deposit company, but in vain. Witnesses had seen him take it away. It had simply vanished. And those numbered notes never came to light publicly.

But Albert Moretto brought them to light literally, for he burned them in the little stove in his room, and Daniel, replacing an old floor board in the office, burned one that had a trapdoor cunningly contrived in it and took from under the chair Heskell sat on a mirror by which a person in the cellar could have seen, looking up through the trap, the wallet in the hat.

J. H. CONNELLY.

Schreier's QUEEN ANNE MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

CLEARING SALE!

All our Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats BELOW COST.

Mark-down Sale in every department.

CLOTHING.

Reduction Sale!

We mean to reduce stock by reducing prices. We generally wait until February 1, but the mild weather of October and November did not help us much in moving our stock of heavy goods, and we find ourselves with too many of these goods on hand.

THEY MUST MOVE,

So beginning Jan. 20, Monday, we will give you your choice of any of our

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS & REEFERS

At a reduction of 25 per cent. We need not go into any long story about this not being a "fake" sale, etc. We have sold clothing to the people of Newport for past 26 years and you know no misrepresentation or intentional fact ever came from

Bennett's One Price Store,

OPPO. COTTON'S DRUG STORE.

H. D. SPOONER,

TAILOR,

REMOVED

—TO—

233 1-2 Thames Street.

INSTRUCTION.

F. M. SISSON,

Teacher of Penmanship and Bookkeeping,

33 HOWARD STREET.

Alfred C. Langley, A. M.,

(Organist and Musical Director Central Congregational Church, Providence.)

PRIVATE TUTOR,

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

1 School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

INSTRUCTION

In Marketing, Shampooing and Massage

At greatly reduced rates for the months of January and February. Address P. O. Box 370.

HARRY K. HOWARD,

(Pupil of Emil Mollenhauer, Boston),

TEACHER OF VIOLIN.

7 EXTENSION STREET.

Agency for Newport Band, Mr. W. H. Apelles, Leader.

PROF. L. LOUIS OF BOSTON,

Organist and Musical Director St. Joseph's Church, Teacher of Piano, Organ and Singing. ITALIAN METHOD. Terms reasonable. Special attention given to beginners. Unsuccessful pupils should come and see me. If you do not learn the art under my tuition, you cannot learn from any one; this I can guarantee. Eighteen years' experience in Boston, Mass. I have taught over five hundred pupils; will refer to every one of them. My singing method is a success with every one. If you give it a trial, follow my instructions and are not satisfied with the result, I will cheerfully refund the money. Lessons at pupils' residence if desired. Studio and residence, 7 Berkeley street. Hours, 10 A. M. to 9 P. M.

EDGAR L. FULMER,

(Organist Trinity Church.)

Instruction in Piano, Organ and Harmony

STUDIO, 78 DIVISION STREET.

A. HAMMETT,

Lumber and Hardware

Brick, Lime and Cement,

Drain and Sewer Pipe,

Paints, Oils, etc.

319 & 321 Thames Street.

Peck & Snider's

COLUMBIA CLUB SKATES,

HOCKEY STICKS, STRAPS,

SKATE SHARPENERS, etc.

AT SOUTHWICK'S.

Bargains in Pictures

For January.

DON'T FAIL TO EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES, AT

C. Banning's, 67 Broadway.

EDWARD P. MARSH,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,

101 & 103 Thames Street.

Residence, 14 Everett street.
Telephone at office and residence.

CLOTHING.

REMOVAL.

T. J. GEANEY, TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED TO

249 THAMES STREET,

Over Sherman & Rooney's.

NECKWEAR,

The latest styles in Tecks, Puffs and Four-in-hands.

Fancy Suspenders,

Silk Mufflers,

Silk Umbrellas,

And many other novelties that make useful and pretty Christmas presents. Our prices are low.

McLennan Bros., 136 & 138 THAMES STREET.

Now is a good time to treat yourself to a handsome dress suit.

OTTO makes them.

PUBLIC HEARINGS.

Public Hearing.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
PROVIDENCE, Jan. 22, 1896.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in an act in amendment of and in addition to Chapter 127 of the Public Statutes, entitled

"OF MILK,"

In the Committee Room on WEDNESDAY, January 29, 1896, upon the rising of the House.

WM. W. BLODGETT, Chairman.
ARTHUR A. RHODES, Clerk.

Public Hearing.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
PROVIDENCE, Jan. 21, 1896.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in an act to regulate the sale of goods marked

"Sterling" or "Sterling Silver" or "Coin" or "Coin Silver,"

In the Committee room on THURSDAY, January 30, 1896, upon the rising of the House.

WM. W. BLODGETT, Chairman.
ARTHUR A. RHODES, Clerk.

$4.25 Cash.

Spencer No. 2, Nut.

Nice, large and fine burning. A very cheap fuel. Cargo now discharging by

Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.

NEWPORT

Transfer Express Co.

Solicit consignments of Freight.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only express checking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Avenue.
BRANCH OFFICES, 272 Thames Street and New York Freight Depot.

E. B. HARRINGTON,
Treasurer and General Manager.

OLD BOOKS

Of all descriptions BOUGHT and SOLD at

F. T. LEARY'S - 168 Broadway.

LORILLARD'S ROSE LEAF CUT PLUG

Made to suit the times as well as the smokers. The richest man in town wouldn't ask for anything better; the poorest man in town wouldn't ask for anything cheaper. A 2 oz. package for 5 cents. Ask for it at any tobacco dealers. If you prefer a slightly heavier smoke—Try SENSATION.

PROVISIONS.

The Best is Cheap

GO TO

A. A. TILLEY & CO

—FOR—

Meats, Vegetables, etc

SHE'S DOWN AGAIN

Pork to Roast,	9c. a lb
Pork Sausage,	10c a lb
Legs of Mutton,	10c a lb
Legs of Lamb,	12c a lb
Round Steak,	10c. a lb
Rump Steak,	15c. a lb
Porter House Steak,	20c. a lb
Turkeys, R. I.,	17c. a lb
Fowls, R. I.,	14c. a lb
Chickens, R. I.,	16c. a lb

PHIL. STEVENS

48 and 50 Thames St.

NORTH END.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER,

DEALERS IN

Meats, Poultry and Game

Also TONGUES, LARD, EGGS, &c.

Fruit and Vegetables in their season

Connected by telephone.

Fresh Pork Tenderloin.

F. B. COGGESHALL

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

AT THE

SEA SIDE MARKET

Can be found the finest of

Young Geese, Ducklings

AND City Dressed Beef

The public is cordially invited to inspect our refrigerating plant.

WM. S. LAWTON, 292 Thames Street.

CONFECTIONERY.

All Candies in the Windows

20 cents per pound

Also all kinds of CANDIES which are made entirely of the purest ice cream articles obtainable.

CANDIES at all prices from 10 cents up.

CAKE of all kinds and warranted the best in the market.

ICE CREAM, the same as you always get at the best. All flavors.

Fresh Chocolates made on the premises and served with the best German and English chocolate—Stollwerck & Frye's.

C. F. FRASCH, 170 Thames St.

What all Judges of Candy say

—THAT—

FENTON'S

IS THE BEST.

See windows and prices.

CHOCOLATES AND BON BONS

A SPECIALTY.

144 Thames St. 128 Bellevue Ave.

CANDY, SODA,

—AND—

Frasch's Ice Cream.

Open Sundays until 9 P. M.

Charles Wiggenhauser, 25 Franklin Street.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

ING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

hours 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays 3 to 9 a. m., p. m. Money order and registry open 8 a. m. 7 deliveries 8 and 10 A. M., 2:30 P. M.

Mail Schedule.

Nov. 1, 1895.

YORK, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN—Close, 9:30, 4:30, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 7:10 p. m.

N AND EASTERN—Close, 7:00, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:30 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 7:00 p. m.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 1:00, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 7:10 p. m.

RIVER, MASS.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:30, 7:10 p. m.

FORD, MASS.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

PLE—Close, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

FERRY, R. I.—Close, 9:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.

SOUTH AND TIVERTON—Close, 9:30 a. m., open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

PORTSMOUTH—Close, 9:30 a. m.; open, 4:30 p. m.

TOWN—Close, 11:30 a. m.; open, 2:30 p. m.

NORTH R. I.—Close, 9:30 a. m., 1:00, 7:10 p. m.; open, 1:30 p. m.

ISLAND—Close, 12:00 m. Tuesday, Thursday Saturday; open, 11:30 a. m. Monday, Wednesday Friday.

Mail—Mails open 8:00 a. m.; close, 5:30 p. m.

Sundays—South only.

s Morning's News.

THE DEADLY STILETTO,

With Probably Fatal Effect Upon an Unoffensive Man.

ON, Jan. 28.—An unprovoked assault which will probably result fatally, d at the North End last night. tim, Michael De Costa, is a French- 32 years of age and belongs in ce. With a fellow countryman, n Levange, De Costa left Brain- terday afternoon to visit friends in ston. When coming back across oth ferry last evening the two men were enjoying themselves, songs, etc., when a party of five came upon them.

osta and Levange had a few words en as the party left the boat. On the corner of Atlantic avenue and street one of the Italians pro- asked De Costa what the matter h him, and the latter quietly said thing was the matter.

talian then struck De Costa, the king effect just over his heart. De aid nothing to indicate that he was , and started to run, being joined t by Levange. Two of the Ital- llowed them toward Hanover and the other three, including the o did the cutting, turned into Av- venue.

Stabbed Near the Heart.

e corner of Hanover and Battery De Costa clapped his hand on his ast and felt to the street, with a aying that he had been stabbed. picked up and carried into a drug

Costa and Levange were subse- removed to a police station, and on was called. The wound was ly made with a stiletto, or long, bladed knife, and was just above r. On account of its proximity to rt, and also the apparent weak- the wounded man, Dr. Dunn did nk it wise to probe the wound to n the depth.

ought that De Costa's chances for y were pretty slim. Powerful re- ts were applied and stimulants ren to the wounded man, for the e of bracing him up for the ride to Massachusetts general hospital, he was removed.

e meantime Lieutenant Ritter had xamining Levange and obtained im an account of the trouble as above and a description of the who committed the assault.

description was telephoned to every on duty on the division, as well as other stations. Half a dozen sus- ere brought in, one at a time, and eld for examination. Up to the writing, however, the man who cutting had not been found.

Raises Many Objections.

SEA, Mass., Jan. 28.—A sensation ased in the board of aldermen g last night by Captain Daniel W. past commander of the Union s' union of Massachusetts, at- Montgomery's United States his- dlin introducing an order for its elimi- from the Chelsea schools. He d the part treating of the Civil War patriotic and full of misstate- that it teaches that the southern was just, and belittles the Union by stating that it took five to seven men to whip one Confederate and that the Confederates only battle when overwhelmed by num- weakened by starvation. He also d the book was written by an Eng- n in full sympathy with the Con- e cause. Action on the order was d for consideration.

On Beacon Hill.

ON, Jan. 28.—The committee on tional amendments yesterday con- its hearing upon the subject of bi- elections. The principal remon- at the hearing were Representative and ex-Congressman McKinlick. mittee on public charitable institu- considered some of the recommenda- of the trustees of the Lyman school, dentally the barefooted-boy ques- e up. The chairman of the trus- it was optional with the boys to oes or go without them, and that as no compulsion about it, as had timated. The seventh annual re- the metropolitan sewerage com- ers was seen in. There was little siness in either senate or house.

Want's Money Back.

ON, Jan. 28.—Civil suits have been in the superior court by the city ment against Collins & Ham, con- s, to recover a considerable sum ey alleged to have been overpaid k and materials. This investiga- y bring out much new matter in to that elicited by the investiga- which was suddenly stopped just public interest was most profound inquiry.

No Night Work.

RENCE, Jan. 28.—Many of the con- ive Rhode Island cotton manufac- are greatly disturbed over the con- of the market. Though no crisis en reached, the outlook is not so on Jan. 1. Prints as well as cot- affected. It is proposed to curtail s to production by daylight only.

Faith in Arbitration.

LDEN, Mass., Jan. 28.—Several manufacturers in this city have peti- tioned the state board of arbitration for their services, as a result of the recent controversy here in relation to wages paid. The employes of the various firms have also agreed to allow the matter to go before the board.

New England Briefs.

Horace W. Cook committed suicide in Cambridge, Mass.

Richford, Vt., now has telephonic connection with Canada.

George Johnston is on trial at Boston charged with shooting Francis Dowd.

Burglars bound an employe and tried to rob a safe in a Hyde Park (Mass.) grocery.

The strike at the National India Rubber works at Bristol, R. I., is practically broken.

John Haynes, at one time proprietor of the Quinnebasset House, Norridgewock, Me., is dead, aged 73 years.

West & Draper, shoe manufacturers, Boston, have made arrangements to move their plant to Camden, Me.

T. C. Spencer, who was burned in escaping from the Avenue House fire in St. Johnsbury, Vt., is in a critical condition.

Hazel, the 2-year-old daughter of C. J. Merrill of Green Lake, Me., ate three morphine pills and died within two hours.

The business block of Putnam & White and Rice block at Houlton, Me., were destroyed by fire. The loss will be heavy.

At a grade crossing in Northampton, Mass., William H. Carroll, aged 23, was struck and killed by a Boston and Maine train.

Free delivery mail service will be extended to 18 postoffices on April 1, including Amherst, Mass., Laconia, N. H., and Rockville, Conn.

The snowstorm of Saturday has proved a boom for the lumbermen throughout Vermont, and good sledding is reported in the logging districts.

Four hundred members of the Boston Congregational club attended the annual meeting and banquet. Arthur H. Wellman of Malden was chosen president.

The annual convention of the Maine branch of the American Federation of Labor began at Auburn. Biddeford was selected as the place for the next convention.

The Enterprise Publishing company of Hudson, Mass., has purchased The Woman's Home Journal from Mrs. C. A. Wood, and will hereafter issue it from The Enterprise office.

Rev. C. W. Bispham of the Church of St. Michael, Washington, is to become an assistant at Trinity Protestant Episcopal church in New Haven, making three assistants in all.

The Pittsfield (Mass.) aldermen confirmed Mayor Hawkins' appointment of William F. Francis for chief engineer of the fire department, after a bitter, but quiet, conflict.

The Catholic church, which has been in course of construction at Truro, Mass., for a year, was dedicated yesterday by Bishop Harkins of Providence, assisted by Rev. Father Ferra of Provincetown, Mass.

At a meeting of the new board of directors of the Eastern Steamboat company in Bath, Me., James H. Drake, president of the Kennebec Steamboat company, was unanimously elected president and manager.

At Greenfield, Mass., Edwin Putnam was held in $1000 for alleged embezzlement of $17,000 from Amanda Curtis of Wendell. Putnam lately transferred some property for Mrs. Curtis, and irregularity is alleged.

The King, Richardson Publishing company filed articles of incorporation in the county clerk's office at Elizabeth, N. J. The subscribed stock is $200,000, and the company will do business in Springfield, Mass., and Cranford, N. J.

At the annual dinner of the Boston Alumni association of Amherst college these officers were elected: President, D. C. Heath; vice presidents, J. C. Gray, L. T. Angier, W. F. Forbes, E. M. Hartwell, W. E. Parker; treasurer, G. O. Coit; secretary, O. B. Merrill.

Carnival Officially Opened.

QUEBEC, Jan. 28.—The official opening of the winter carnival took place yesterday afternoon in the presence of an immense crowd of spectators. The city is full of visitors, most of whom are Americans, and incoming trains are crowded. The ice bridge over the St. Lawrence forms a great attraction and hundreds crossed on it.

Medals All Ready.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The treasury department yesterday received from the manufacturers 23,750 Columbian World's Exposition bronze medals, which were awarded to exhibitors. The time of delivery now rests entirely with the World's Fair commission. It is expected that the diplomas will be completed some time next month.

Mrs. Hock's Rash Deed.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Ida Hock, 40 years of age, who lived with her husband and two children at Ridgewood, committed suicide yesterday by swallowing a large quantity of paris green after administering the poison to the children—William, aged 16, and Otto, aged 8 years. The children may recover.

Button in Her Nose.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 28.—A peculiar case was treated at the city dispensary yesterday. Mrs. Thomas Andrews brought her 7-year-old daughter in and asked the doctor to examine her nose. The organ had been giving the child a great deal of trouble for two years, and several physicians had failed to effect a cure, or determine the exact cause of the trouble. Dr. Cummings opened the nostril and drew out of the passage a common shoe button. The button had been in the nose two years, and the black shiny surface had worn away.

Used Club and Pistol.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—The nephew of Francisco Ricci was christened at Johnson Sunday, the celebration lasting all night. About midnight, as the brothers Philip and Louis Tefrati were starting for home, Ricci criticised the respect shown by them for the celebration. He assaulted Louis with a club, dislocating his elbow, and then shot Philip Tefrati in the head. Ricci yesterday pleaded guilty to assault with a club and was bound over to the grand jury. He pleaded not guilty to the attempt to kill Philip.

Heavily in Debt.

OTTAWA, Ills., Jan. 28.—The Marseilles Manufacturing company, the largest agricultural implement concern in central Illinois, has made an assignment to Martin J. Kingman, a heavy creditor and large stockholder. The liabilities amount to $200,000, and the scheduled assets to $250,000.

GORDON'S SAGACITY.

George Gordon was a guard on the South Side elevated road in Chicago. I say "was," for I understand that he is now engaged in other lines of industry.

He was a bachelor, something near 40 years of age, and given to observation beyond his class.

George was always polite to the people who rode on his train. He never hurried them on. He never thought of hurrying them off. He knew the regular patrons and figured out their environment. Being a wise man these speculations were curiously accurate.

This man was connected with a bank; likely its most active man. Not the president, or he would have ridden up the avenue in a carriage, but not a common accountant, or he would have quit all thought of banking when he quit the bank. This man, on the contrary, was calm, collected always, accustomed to meeting and impressing men.

That man was a lawyer; that other an architect; he always studied the lines of the new buildings when he passed them. That young woman was a stenographer.

About this, though, George changed his mind at the end of a week. She might be a stenographer and typewriter, but she was more than that. She was a trusted employee of some kind. And he was glad of it. The train seemed lighter all the way from Forty-third street, where she got on, down into the city. She was so handsome, so clearly a cultivated woman, so superior.

One day the architect got on at Forty-third street instead of Indiana avenue, as was his wont. He saw the stenographer, lifted his hat and sat down by her side.

"Aha," said George Gordon, the guard, "he has got acquainted and has moved down nearer her. Good thing. I like to see them together."

After that the architect and the stenographer often waited on the platform together for the train.

"Progresses nicely," said George Gordon.

They talked of architecture, and of books, and of music. He knew more about the first and last. She was first in literature.

One night they got on the train at 7:30, dressed for entertainment.

"Going to the theater," said George Gordon.

Now, he looked upon the architect as a wise man, and so concluded the young woman was not in his employ. He looked on her as a good woman and was sure of it. Clearly they had an honest right to go to the theater together.

They never went alone after that. They always rode together, so that, one day in May, when the architect got on unaccompanied, George Gordon was troubled. But when she took the 10 o'clock train down town, looking more radiant than ever, looking happier than ever, he smiled and felt thankful that love's young dream still waited for the fair of earth's women.

After that she usually went down town in the afternoon, and there was a look of sober dignity about her he had never seen before.

"Married and keeping house," said the guard. "Lucky man, that architect!"

He saw her only once in June. In July she appeared half a dozen times and brought back little bundles from the dry goods stores. In August he saw her from the platform, walking placidly in Forty-third street, and the big, honest guard paid her a bachelor's tribute of honor. She went there nearly every morning, and when the architect came along in the evening George Gordon was almost rude to the others, letting him off first.

Then he didn't see her again till after Christmas, though the architect carried the bundles from the dry goods stores and carried them clumsily.

One day in January she got on, carrying a baby, all muffled up with white flannel and laces, and he almost committed an assault and battery on the clodhopper who wouldn't get up and give her the best seat in the car.

Washington's birthday she and the architect rode down together again, but later, as befitted a holiday. In the afternoon she went back with an older woman, who carried the same baby and carried it better than the stenographer had done. Still she was not a nurse. She was the social equal of this young woman, whose marriage and matrimony had ennobled her.

March 1 the young woman got on the early train again, with the same old workyday coat on, and George Gordon saw the architect coming down Forty-third street slowly, looking with resignation for the next train.

"Too bad," mused the guard. "Too bad she has to go to work again. Seems to me he ought to provide for her better than that."

She went regularly all through March, and about the middle of the month the architect took to going down in time for the theater almost every evening. And he went with another young woman—a young woman whom George Gordon did not approve.

They came back on his train one night—a very late train, and little filled with passengers. They sat close together, and the architect was frightfully attentive. George Gordon had a great mind to throw him out of the window.

He resolved he would show that man he knew him, and that at the very first opportunity.

It came on the following Sunday.

The architect got on the train at Forty-seventh street with the strange young woman.

At Forty-third the stenographer, with the matronly lady, the baby and a gray but very vigorous gentleman stepped into the next car—evidently in a hurry.

"Aha!" said George Gordon. "Tracked to earth!"

At Twenty-sixth the architect and his young woman were at the door before the train stopped.

"Giving his wife the slip," said George Gordon. And then, to his unspeakable joy, he saw the stenographer and her companions coming to the same platform.

"Twenty-sixth!" shouted the guard.

"Oh, are you on the train?" cried the young woman, smiling past him at the stenographer.

"Yes. Father and mother both said we would be late, but we hurried. Of course we are in plenty time if you are." And they both laughed.

"Tom, why don't you carry your little brother?" asked the vigorous man, who seemed in excellent spirits.

The architect put out his hands for the baby.

"Not on your wedding day," said the elderly lady.

Then they all laughed—all but the strange young woman. She blushed.

"Will you kindly open that gate?" asked the architect, for the guard was motionless with amazement. But he opened the gate—and left it open all the rest of the way down town.

LEROY ARMSTRONG.

FOOD STRENGTH

It Comes From the Right Food Properly Digested.

Food strength is natural strength. It is new strength; created strength. That is, it is not stimulation.

The real strength of your body is your constitutional strength, your reserve strength. It is the result of eating proper food and digesting it.

Eating food does no good at all; rather harm—unless it is digested. So that everything narrows itself down to one proposition: How is your digestion?

One person in three of us have indigestion in some form or another. It is not really a disease, but a condition; a condition which may become serious.

We all wish to be strong, and we might all become so if we digested our food. The loss of your strength is a serious matter. It may be the beginning of a dangerous disease. It may mean that you cannot go on with your work.

Stafon Digestive Cordial is an aid to digestion. It is a strength maker. It makes your food nourish you. It makes you strong. It relieves at once all the symptoms of acute dyspepsia, tones up the system and creates fresh energy and strength. Taken regularly it will permanently cure indigestion and make the weak, calm, irritable, nervous dyspeptic strong, fat, hearty and well again.

A 10 cent bottle will show you what it will do.

Sold by druggists at 10, 25, 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Cash Prices.

$2.45 Ladies' Bongola Button Shoes with wide and narrow toes. Reduced from $3.

$2.85 Men's Winter Russet Shoes, razor toe, three soles. Reduced from $3.50.

NORMAN, 160 THAMES STREET.

Wait! Wait!

Our annual sale of shopworn BOOTS and SHOES

Commences February 1.

The T. MUMFORD SEABURY CO.,

214 THAMES STREET.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

I take this method of thanking the members of the Masonic and Odd Fellows' lodges, and all others who have had finished or have in process of finishing, photos at Mr. Holloway's Studio, for the "degree of patience" and courteous treatment shown during the holiday rush, and trust all work has proved satisfactory. Mr. Holloway has engaged the services of an experienced photographic printer to assist me, and hereafter all work will be finished promptly. Holders of the B. A. Eldred orders may sit at any time (Sundays excepted).

Holloway

H. W. RANKIN, Operator.

Popular Styles in Portraits,

Including Water Color, Pastel Sepia, Crayon, Platinum, Carbon and

FINEST QUALITY CARBONETTES.

Tintypes furnished at all times.

Rembrandt Studio,

Over HAMMETT'S Bookstore. 202 Thames Street.

THE POCKET KODAK,

ONLY $5.00.

Latest product of the Eastman Kodak Co. A perfect camera, takes pictures 1¼x2 inches; can be loaded in daylight.

Photographic goods of all kinds.

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Room 4, over 201 Thames St.

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Sample copies free.

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And cemetery work of all kinds. Write for designs and prices to

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DID YOU EVER THINK

How poor a walk you have at home, when you walk on those of others? Consider this, see us, get a price on the best walk info.

ASPHALT

for cellar bottoms, stalls, gutters, roofing, sidewalks and drives, it has no equal, price $1.60 per square yard.

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Shop - - 7 Caleb Earl Street.

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Tinsmiths and Metal Workers,

REAR OF 192 THAMES STREET.

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

NEWPORT MONUMENTAL WORKS,

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Monumental work of every description in marble or granite. Stone carving and building work.

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ELECTRICAL WORK

OF ALL KINDS.

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Plumbing

Of all kinds attended to promptly. I also do a general

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A New Departure!

BOLTED MEAL.

From pure Rhode Island corn, fresh and nice, requires no sifting. Ground and put up in peck and half peck bags. Try it and you will use it in preference to any other. To be had of any grocer. See that

A. R. ANTHONY'S

name is on every bag.

P. O. Address, Box 297, Middletown, R. I.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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20 BROADWAY, Near State House

We are making a specialty of Virginia oysters in every style.

Table board by the week.

D. B. ALLEN, Proprietor.

TRAVELERS DIRECTORY.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.

Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Sunday, Jan. 12, 1896, trains will leave Newport for Boston, week days, 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:20, c6:15 p. m. Return, 5:45, 8:38, a8:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 3:40, 4:35, a5:04, b6:00, p. m. Middletown and Portsmouth Grove (flag stops) 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 3:00, 5:20 p. m. Portsmouth, 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 3:00, 5:20 p. m. Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River and Taunton, 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:20, c6:15 p. m. Middleboro', 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 3:00, 5:20 p. m. Cape Cod, 7:35 a. m., 3:00 p. m. Plymouth, 7:35 a. m., 3:00 p. m. New Bedford, 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 3:00, 5:20 p. m. Fitchburg and Stations on Northern Division, 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 3:00 p. m. Lowell, 7:35 a. m., 3:00 p. m. Cottage City Oak Bluffs, 7:35, 10:10 a. m. Nantucket, 7:35 a. m. Providence, 7:35, 10:10 a. m., 3:00, 5:20 p. m. Return, 7:40, 9:55 a. m., 12:40, 4:20, b6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6:10 p. m. Return, 4:30 a. m. Middletown, Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Somerset, Dighton, North Dighton, Weir Village, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree and New Bedford, 6:00 p. m.

a Park Square Station.
b Park Square Station, boat from Fall River.
c Boat from Fall River.
e From the wharf. No tickets sold at wharf.

J. R. KENDRICK, 3d Vice President, Boston.
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CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO.

On and after Sept. 23, leave Newport for

PROVIDENCE

Week days only, 8 A. M. Leave Providence week days only, 4 P. M.

Mondays and Saturdays only, stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only, each way.

Excursion Tickets, only 90c.

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ONLY $2.00 to NEW YORK

For limited tickets. Reduced rates to all points beyond New York. Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission. A fine orchestra on each. Leave Newport, week days only, at 9:15 P. M.; due New York 7:00 A. M. Returning, leave New York from Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray street, week days only, at 5:00 P. M. Eastward steamer touches at Newport at 3:45 A. M. For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express Office, 272 Thames street. J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent, GEO. L. CONNOR, Passenger Traffic Manager, O. H. TAYLOR, Gen'l Passr. Agent, New York. J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after October 10th, 1895, STEAMER CONANICUT WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS,

Leave Jamestown 5:30, 8:15, 10:30, A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, 6:00 P. M. Sundays, 9:45 A.M. 4:00 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6:45, 9:30, 11:45 A. M.; 1:30, 2:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, 10:15 A.M.; 4:30 P. M.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12:30 P. M. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6:30 A. M., weather permitting.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.

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Fall River to Philadelphia Direct.

Every Wednesday and Saturday

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Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

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Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route." Nov. 1 1895.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	10 00	1 30	4 30	‡7 40
Providence, arr.	12 00	3 15	6 13	9 55
Boston, "	1 15	4 30	7 30	11 00
New York, "	4 30	7 32	11 00	M
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	NIGHT	A M	A M	P M
New York,	*12 03	5 01	10 03	1 00
Boston,	...	10 00	1 00	3 00
Providence,	8 40	11 13	2 15	6 00
Newport, arr.	8 35	1 00	4 00	7 00
	A M	P M	P M	P M

*Via Providence, except Saturdays.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:37 A. M.; Washington, 10:42 A. M.

‡Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co's office, 39 Bellevue avenue.

G. H. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Muenchinger-King Cottage,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage, opposite Newport Reading Room,

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

THE ROBINSON,

CATHERINE STREET, NEWPORT.

CLOSED TILL APRIL 1, 1896.

Hartmann House,

A. F. KINZLER, - Prop.

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Lunches furnished at short notice. Oysters in every style a specialty.

Elegant rooms. Moderate rates. Telephone call 6667.

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Newport Steam Laundry

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J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 306 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone connection.

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CARPET SWEEPERS

$1.50 and Upward.

—ALSO—

Cooper's Orange Knives,

Besides Orange Knives with pearl or celluloid handles and silver-plated blades.

Liquor Shakers of all kinds, and
Brass Fire Sets,
Brass Andirons,
Brass Fenders.

W. K. COVELL'S, 163 Thames St.

Old Father Time Takes No Holidays.

You haven't time to try all the cough cordials offered for sale; "Father Time" will not permit. Our advice is, use only the well known

DIXON'S GREAT RUSSIAN COUGH CORDIAL.

It don't make you gag to take it. The children like it, and you only pay 35 cents a bottle for a pure, wholesome article. Druggists and grocers sell it.

Schooner Watchman

Is discharging a cargo of

FREE-BURNING RED ASH COAL

—FOR—

ABRAM ALMY,

173 THAMES STREET.

HAVING TAKEN ACCOUNT OF STOCK WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SELL

SILVERWARE AND DIAMONDS

AT PHENOMENALLY REDUCED PRICES.

Beautiful Sterling Vase - at $8.50.

HERRMANN'S.

NAVEL ORANGES,

Grape Fruit, Grapes,
Choice Table Apples.

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Motors in all sizes.
Stores, offices and residences wired and lighted by Incandescent Electric Light at lowest rates.
Call and see our new line of Electric and Gas Shades in all colors and designs.

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Is endorsed and USED EXCLUSIVELY by the world's greatest artists, such as

Franz Liszt,	Joseffy,	Melba,
Rubinstein,	S. B. Mills,	Calve,
Berlioz,	T. Thomas,	Patti,
Paderewski,	A. Faur,	Nevada,
Gounod,	R. Wagner,	Juch,
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Tel. M. Steinert & Sons Co.,

154 Thames Street.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN

TEA and COFFEE.

Our Exposition Tea being pronounced by connoisseurs and our Tuxedo Mixture Coffee the best.

English Breakfast	35c. per lb.;
Oolong	3 lbs. for $1;
Mixed	10 lbs. for $3.
Tuxedo Coffee, per lb.,	35c.
Marocaibo Coffee, per lb.,	27c.

Gordon & Dilworth's Preserves.

Peach,	per jar,	75c
Pear,	" "	75c
Cherry,	" "	75c
Raspberry,	" "	75c
Strawberry	" "	75c
Quince,	" "	75c
Mince Meat,	" "	65c
Blackberry,	" "	75c

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.

16 & 20 Washington Square.

"Look for the YELLOW carts"

From "PERRY BROS."

Bargain Sales.

In anticipation of stock-taking we offer our

ENTIRE STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH.

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,

133 THAMES STREET.

THE OLD-TIME CANDY SHOP.

In this age of magnificent cafes, French restaurants, mirrored and gilded lunch counters and candy confectionery saloons, it is refreshing to revert in memory to four or five little stores in Newport where years ago home-made candy was manufactured.

The little shop on Spring street, near Mary street, made historic by the beautiful ballad of Governor Van Zandt, was very dear to the hearts of all the children; just before Election day its counters and shelves were painted in delicate sky-blue, while the borders and edges were tipped with the richest scarlet or crimson. This delicate combination of quiet, neutral tints was decidedly artistic. The small mince-pies there sold for a penny, with upper and lower crusts and filled with a delicious compound of apparently everything that grew on the earth and under the earth, were a joy and daily wonder; how so much could be given for so little in return is an enigma that probably never, in this world at least, will be satisfactorily solved.

A little store on Thames street, near Marlborough, was kept by a tall, angular-looking woman, dressed in a gown minus crinoline, and with hair a la Pompadour. She would allowing undue levity in her presence, and her customers, whether young or old, always conducted themselves with delightful propriety. The pleasant daughter and civil son commanded much patronage.

The sale of yeast, or, as it was then called, "emptyings," was quite a side issue in this little establishment. The narrow counter often showed an array of little and big pitchers, pitchers with and without ears, and tin kettles holding from a gill to a quart, all patiently waiting for their turn to be filled with the precious bread-raising ingredient. At night the little money drawer was usually filled to repletion with copper coins and silver fourpences. Until late in the evening the dim light of two small oil lamps in the windows attracted the attention of the passer-by, and as there were in those days no street lanterns, they imparted brightness to the otherwise gloomy thoroughfare.

At the corner of Spring and Pelham streets was a miniature store, which was decidedly popular with the children of the neighboring private and public schools. Long pipe-stemmed sticks of candy, with their ends gracefully bent in the form of a shepherd's crook, and flavored with lemon, peppermint, wintergreen and sassafras, were disposed of as soon as manufactured. As the store could accommodate but three or four customers at a time, often children would be observed waiting on the sidewalk for their turn to enter. Once in a while a large boy, with a dignity that was almost akin to majesty, would march to the counter, and coolly order five cents' worth of assorted candies. His smaller companions, with distended eyes and bated breath, would silently gaze upon him, apparently realizing that he was indeed a multi-millionaire.

The mottoes attached to many of the candies were really affecting, and one poetic sentiment was always in great demand. It ran in this wise:

"If you love me as I love you,
No knife shall cut our love in two.

The rose is red, the violet blue,
Pinks are pretty and so are you."

Another good and certainly very sweet woman held peaceful domain in a small shop on Marlborough street, near Meeting street. A tiny cow-bell attached to the shop-door gave melliflous warning of the advent of each customer. The special attraction here was the popular taffy daily disposed of. The hot mixture was poured on large square slabs of stone, to undergo the cooling process. By perpetual greasing these slabs had assumed the darkest shade of ebony. The taffy, when ready for the customer, was always in the shape and thickness of a modern buckwheat cake. Traditions of the Revolutionary and civil wars may pass from the mind, but the memory of that taffy, never! N.

THE SALE OF VINLAND.

The sale of Vinland is a prominent topic of conversation in all circles, and the agents, Messrs. Dexter & Eldridge, are in receipt of many congratulations. The asking price was $1,250,000, and it is claimed by some that nearly $1,000,000 was paid. Mr. Lorillard did not press the place for sale and always said that he would not recede from the original sum. The fact is that Mr. and Mrs. Twombly wanted the place at almost any price, one reason, presumably, being that it was adjacent to "The Breakers." The estate is taxed for $354,200.

Mr. Lorillard does not intend to forsake Newport, and at no distant day will probably buy or rent a house. "Vinland" has never been offered for rent, it's only tenants having been it's original owner, the late Miss Catherine L. Wolfe, and her favorite nephew, Mr. Lorillard, to whom she bequeathed it. It was occupied during Mr. Lorillard's long absence in Europe. Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt desired to rent the place after "The Breakers" was burned and offered a large sum for the place.

The estate has always been kept up, and, with a few exceptions, including "Marble House" and "The Breakers," is the finest in the city. Mr. Twombly will take possession at once.

The sale did not include the typical Dutch garden on Lawrence avenue, nearly opposite the main entrance to "Vinland," a very noticeable feature of Ochre Point. The garden contains 217,939 square feet.

A few years ago Mr. Twombly made an offer for three estates at the lower end of Bellevue avenue, which he intended converting into one, but through an almost unaccountable miscarriage of a telegram—not sent from Newport, by the way—the purchase did not take place. The estates referred to are now owned by Mr. E. R. Wharton, Mrs. H. Mortimer Brooks and Governor Charles Warren Lippitt, and the price he offered for all three was about $650,000. At that time the Lippitt place was known as the boathouse lot, the Wharton estate was owned by the heirs of Mahlon Sands, and the Brooks place by the estate of Gardner Brewer.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. John Whipple has gone to New York.

—Miss Hattie Greer left last night for Florida.

—Mr. H. F. Brown's condition is somewhat improved.

—Mr. Joseph L. Bush has returned from a visit to Philadelphia.

—The men of engine company No. 4 had a clambake at the engine house last evening.

—Captain H. B. Ryder will return to his home at Dennisport, Mass., this week, after a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Joseph T. Perry, in this city.

—A boy and girl skating on Easton's pond had a narrow escape from drowning yesterday afternoon, their fellow-skaters rescuing them only after considerable difficulty.

—Mr. Sam Harrison, agent for "Too Much Johnson," has been in town, arranging for the appearance of that attraction here, with Mr. William Gillette and the original company, February 3.

—The board of firewards held an investigation last evening at headquarters into some trouble that occurred lately at engine house No. 1. They will probably report the result to the City Council next Tuesday.

—The Navy Department has again resumed shipping boys for the Naval Training Station, and a draft of seventeen apprentices, from the Richmond, at the League Island navy yard, has been received at the Station.

—Rev. J. M. Craig of this city will be one of the speakers at the annual state convention of the Rhode Island Union of Christian Endeavor in Providence next month. His subject will be "The Spirit of the Pledge."

INDOOR BASE BALL.

Last evening the base ball team of the evening class of the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium had its colors lowered for the first time in an indoor game. The team from the business men's class did it, and did it in the good old-fashioned way, with the bat. The game was full of fun, and had many interesting features, and the boys were ahead until the ninth inning, when the men rather "got their eyes on the ball," and before the side was retired had batted out sixteen runs. This was too much for the evening class, who could not successfully connect with Edes's pitching, and the men won, 35 to 29.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. William H. Sherman was called to Providence yesterday, where her sister, Mrs. Clara Fetrent, is critically ill.

Mr. Herbert Smith has been in Providence a few days, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Elisha C. Peckham, Mr. Joseph A. Peckham, Miss Beth A. Peckham, Miss Eliza M. Peckham, Mrs. Jason Grinnell and Mrs. George Perry went to New Bedford Saturday, to attend the funeral of Mr. William Taber, whose wife is daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elisha C. Peckham. Mr. and Mrs. Peckham are spending a few days with their daughter in New Bedford.

Mr. and Mrs. John Blair, Mr. William T. Sloanm and Miss Emmie V. Blair were guests of Mrs. Christopher Peckham last evening.

Mrs. Frank E. Lewis is entertaining a large company today.

The entertainment program for the birthday party for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union at Mrs. A. A. Brown's, reads as follows:

"Amazing amusements attract none amiss,
Big birthday bags bursting with bounty and bliss,
Cute, crispy conundrums 'cause cunningness crude,
Dear Dimple-dom Dinah detaining the dude,
Excitable efforts may easily err,
—etc., etc., with music—and treat we confer."

A YANKEE BOAT HONORED.

Among the interesting exhibits at the fourth annual yachting exhibition, now being held at the Westminster Aquarium, London, is a glass-incased model of the steam yacht being built in England by a well known firm of naval architects for Mr. Eugene Higgins of New York. She is a high speed, twin screw, ocean going yacht of handsome proportions. Her dimensions are: Length over all, 240 feet; beam, 32 feet 6 inches; depth moulded, 18 feet 3 inches; draught, 14 feet 6 inches; tonnage, yacht measurement, 1,100 tons.

The vessel is fitted with two independent sets of triple-expansion engines. The speed is eighteen knots, with ample reserve steam power. A feature of this yacht is that she is specially protected from retaining heavy seas and is capable of steaming in all weathers. She can carry 350 tons of coal, and has ample accommodation for guests, including a promenade awning deck 150 feet long. The interior is unique and handsomely decorated, with arrangements for saloon and sleeping cabins on the main deck. She is fitted throughout with electric lights, and carries a powerful searchlight. There is both hand and steam steering gear, a refrigerator, ice-houses, distillers, laundry and ventilating arrangements of special character. She is also provided with machine guns and an ample equipment of steam launches and lifebuoys.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ORGANIZED CHARITY.

CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.

in clean clothes, and a better-looking, brighter set of children cannot be found in any Sunday school in this state than are the two hundred and fifty boys in the reform school. They are sent there for discipline and training which their parents are incapable of giving, and they receive this in the school. The state stands in the place of the parent and the home. No institution can do what a good home can do, but the reform school is much better than the homes of nearly all these youngsters. They should be sent there during their minority. The worst cases are the so-called truancy cases, sent up for two years. These are seldom fully weaned from their former habits and started on another sort of life, as are those sent up until of age. Few remain in the school beyond the age of nineteen years, as when they are thought to be sufficiently strong they are released on probation.

In the school they are given a moral training, which the speaker considered is not possible apart from religious training. All attend church at least once on Sunday, and the Catholics go twice on that day. Their teachers seem to have their hearts in their work, and to care more for the welfare of the children than for the salaries they receive. The boys are taught house carpentering, blacksmithing, machine work, printing, and some cobbling. Some seem unable to grasp any trade, and are worked on the farm. The boys are able to secure work at their trades when they come out. The girls are taught housework. Girls are more likely to go away from and the boys to return to their old homes when released. Homes are found for the girls in the homes of people who will agree to treat them as members of their families, take them to church, and properly clothe and treat them. There are more applicants than girls to meet the supply, and the authorities have opportunity to select the apparently best homes. A girl will sometimes not suit in the first place, to which she is sent, but if properly treated by the woman of the house she can be made to feel at home in some household. There is little demand for boys, and they have to get out and try for themselves. Very few reform school boys or girls go back to the state institutions, showing that the training of the school has weaned them from their early viciously inclined life.

The school is an open one. There is a high wall, no locks or bars, more than in a private house. There are five cottages, in which the boys live, and each cottage colony is kept apart from the others, except on Sunday. Few run away; they do not care to do so.

The speaker answered a number of questions asked by those interested in the work, and after the meeting proper answered many more.

CHURCH ELECTION.

Last evening was held the fourth quarterly conference for the ecclesiastical year, at the First Methodist Episcopal Church. The presiding elder of the Providence district, Rev. S. O. Benton, was in the chair, and there was present an unusually full board. A large amount of business was transacted, mainly routine in character, incidental to the close of the church year. The following officers were elected for the conference year ensuing:

Stewards—L. D. Davis, C. H. Lovejoy, B. F. Downing, B. F. Thurston, G. H. Kelley, F. H. Thurston, J. T. Kaull, E. D. Jones, T. D. Champlin, James Hardy, H. C. Bacheller, A. M. Bailey, Fred Weir.

Trustees—E. O. Biggs, C. H. Tuber, B. F. Thurston, R. C. Bacheller, T. P. Peckham, T. T. Pitman, J. W. Horton, Frederick Bradley, G. F. Downing.

Recording Steward and Treasurer—B. F. Thurston.

District Steward—G. H. Kelley.

Delegate to the Lay Electoral Conference—J. W. Horton; alternate, T. T. Pitman.

Delegate to Martha's Vineyard Camp Meeting—W. H. Arnold; alternate, W. D. Hartley.

By a unanimous rising vote, the quarterly conference requested the presiding elder to exert his influence to secure the return of Rev. Dr. Bass as pastor for a fifth year—the limit of service possible under the law of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

This was the last official visit, as presiding elder, which Rev. Mr. Benton will make to this, in common with the other churches of the Providence district, as with the close of the present conference year the full limit of six years, the constitutional term of service in that office, will expire, and he must be then be assigned to other work, and will in all probability return to the pastorate.

COLLEGE BASE BALL PLAYERS.

It is evidently going to be more difficult to secure a base ball team of college players for summer resorts next season than ever before. The faculty of the University of Pennsylvania has just passed upon the eligibility of the candidates for this year's team, and ruled out all who played last season, except Captain Blakeley and two others. Among the men disqualified is First Baseman Goeckle, who played here with the Atlantic City team. The greater number of these men were disqualified for playing on so-called summer teams, and now that Pennsylvania has taken such a radical stand, other college faculties will be compelled to do something of the same kind to keep their teams up to what should be the college standard for amateurs. Not even the receipt of expenses is allowed under the present standard at Pennsylvania. Harvard, especially, has been a great objector against the amateur standing of the Pennsylvania players, and the faculty of that institution will now have a chance to work out some of the professional element from the college.

The college boys who have played ball at summer resorts are not the only ones who have received pay for their work. All persons conversant with college teams for some time past know that many of the crack players have made a good thing in college, because of their ball-playing ability.

This movement to prevent college men from openly playing for money with so-called amateur nines in summer will affect many seaside teams. It might have seriously hurt the Newport team for 1896 had the directors not decided to open the season a month before the colleges close, and being unable to secure college players to report so early engaged professionals, except in a few instances.

It is believed that the men selected for the local team will prove as great favorites before the season closes as last year's aggregation of college men did. As a matter of fact, Burke, Waldron and Hickey, all professionals, were as popular with Newport ball patrons as any of the college men who were first engaged, and the two last named played only a few games and had less opportunity to become known.

Captain Lowney of last year's team, now at the University of Michigan, is not mentioned among those who will probably represent that college this season. Deans, who played short stop on the Newport team, is to cover third base, and Holmes will be one of the catchers.

Tommy Brady of last year's team is coaching the pitchers, and Tenney, who played four games with the Newports, is coaching the other Brown University candidates.

THEIR THIRTIETH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

The thirtieth anniversary of the marriage of Rev. William H. Thomas, D. D., and wife, was appropriately observed at Mt. Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church parsonage yesterday afternoon and evening. The reception was in charge of the stewards and stewardesses of the church, and from 4 to 11 o'clock members of the church and congregation and prominent citizens called in large numbers to extend their greetings to Dr. and Mrs. Thomas and to give expression to the high esteem in which the pastor and wife are held in the church and in the community.

AN OCTOPIAN TORPEDO DESTROYER.

A curious contrivance has recently been invented by a Brooklyn man, and will shortly be tested for the benefit of the Navy Department officials. The inventor is W. Foote Leonard, who originated the bullet-proof cloth, and he calls his latest device an "octopian torpedo destroyer." Its purpose, as its name implies, is the entanglement of an enemy's torpedo and the destruction of that form of projectile.

The octopian is a magneto electrical device, formed by placing a number of hollow tubes, with elongated points, at a distance of three inches apart. An interior cell is fitted at the centre, and runs the entire length of the tube, with a magnetic conductor connected at the point with a peculiarly formed receiver and distributor, to which are attached magnetic tentacles, each separated from its neighbors by about three inches. These tentacles run outwardly through tight rubber tubes inserted at the point of the cube, and hang suspended from the outer edge. The length of the pendants is twelve inches, and they are so distributed as to furnish a mesh of one and a half inches over the whole surface exposed to attack. They are of a substance not easily displaced in water, or by the force of knots. The resistance to attack is aided by this great curtain ten feet long.

The tentacles are highly magnetized, and are meant to instantly grasp and lock around the torpedo, which it attracts for this resistless embrace. The vise-like grip is only released or severed by shutting off the current. The magnetic power is applied in the cubes, and is controlled by the dynamoes of the ship, whence it is communicated by a curiously constructed chain cable to which all the cubes are attached at both ends of every section of ten feet by "gudgeon" pins running into and connecting with a magnetic receiver.

The inventor has arranged, by the peculiar formation of his device, that no part of it shall be exposed, and no part offers a solid resistance to the sensitive point of a rushing torpedo, which is speeded to explode on collision with the metal side of a ship. An indicator is placed inboard, connecting with each cube, every one bearing a number. This indicator ingeniously illustrates the precise spot where a torpedo is held, and shows the depth of water, so that the missile may be readily dislodged and sunk. The inboard machinery for working this octopian destroyer consists, briefly, of a double automatic windlass, capable of stopping, hoisting or lowering the device. The time in which the curtain may be lowered or hoisted is from ten to fifteen seconds.

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AUCTION SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

There will be sold at public auction, at the store 140 Thames street, in the City of Newport, Wednesday, January 29, 1896, at 2 o'clock P. M., the entire stock in trade and personal property now in said store, consisting of hats, caps, shirts, collars and cuffs and a general line of men's furnishing goods.

MATHEW ALLEN, Assignee.

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